WANTS
ONE CENT
ONE WORD
ONE ISSUE.
THE COLONIST.

The Daily Colonist.

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VOL LXXIV.---NO 109 VICTORIA BRITISH COLUMBIA TUESDAY OCTOBER 15 1895 THIRTY-SEVENTH YEAR

C. & M.

Chains, Brooches, Bracelets,
Charms, Buttons, Lockets,
& Rings,
Manufactured by Challoner & Mitchell,
May be known by their stamp,

C. & M.

And have their full guarantee. 47 GOVERNMENT STREET.

COAXING COMFORT

Is easy with a pair of good-fitting, warm shoes on your feet What is more disagreeable than a shoe that pinches and lets in water? . . . . . .

GOOD SENSE

In knowing what will suit you has been the guiding thought with us in the selection of our new stock of Men's Boots, All the latest shapes, etc., with substantial soles for winter wear. In fact stock and prices are sure to suit. See Government Street window . . . . . .

A. B. ERSKINE,

Cor. Government & Johnson Streets.

PEOPLE Who are not Particular

What they pay are not particular where they buy—any shop will do; but in the end they are paying other people's bills. We know all about it—twenty-one years of it and we are sorry. Come along with your cash and we can save you money.
We are still selling a box of Electric Soap for 65c. Ross' bar, the best 5c. cake of soap in town. Look out for the larger sack of Sugar for $1.00. Butter market taken a jump—Creamery 25c., California Roll 35c Three pounds Prunes 25c.

DIXI H. ROSS & CO.

NICHOLLES & RENOUF, LTD.

61 YATES STREET, VICTORIA.

AGENTS FOR

The Brantford Mower, Wisner Hay Tedders,
Tiger Sulky Hay Rakes,
Massey-Harris Steel Frame Wide-Open Binders.

AGENTS---New Westminster, T. J. TRAPP. Vernon, F. C. COSTERTON.

BUY
LIBBY, McNEILL & LIBBY'S
WORLD-FAMOUS

Corned Beef . . .
Roast Beef . . . .
Lunch Tongues.
Etc., etc . . . . . .

NOT DEARER THAN OTHERS, BUT BETTER.
jal

ALWAYS FIRST!

"REINDEER BRAND"
CONDENSED MILK

For many years the leading milk. It is the best and most economical.

A PERFECT FOOD FOR INFANTS.

THEOSOPHY.

Mrs. Harris, of San Francisco, will give a public Lecture on "Karma," at the Theosophical Headquarters, 28 Broad St., on Wednesday Evening at 8 o'clock.

ALL INVITED. FREE. oc12-12t

THE BANK EXCHANGE.

MERCHANTS LUNCHEON, From 11:30 to 2:30. 15c.

MEALS AT ALL HOURS.

Private dining-rooms up-stairs. The coziest, cleanest and cheapest dining-room in the city.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOTICE—Mr. Homfray begs to inform his friends that owing to his failing eyesight he finds himself unable to recognize his many friends, and hopes this will be held as an excuse for any involuntary oversight on his part. oc6-1m

WANTED—A good nursemaid. Apply Mrs. Mackenzie, Dunsmuir Road, off Esquimalt Road. oc15-2t

GIRL, experienced, wants work as cook or housemaid. Address A., Colonist office. oc15-2t

TO LET—Two unfurnished rooms; also a nice furnished front room upstairs; rent moderate Apply 89 Fort street. oc15-3t

FOR SALE—Cow, just in, good milker. Mrs. T. Blake, Devonshire Road, Spring Ridge. oc15-2t

FOR SALE—A bargain—House and lot Victoria West, nice location; price $1400; easy terms. Apply J. St. Clair Blackett, 74 Yates. oc15-1t

A SNAP—A bicycle in good condition, only $30. F. V. Hobbs, furniture dealer, Douglas street. oc15-2t

A MASQUERADE BALL will be given at Bertram Hall, Spring Ridge, on Thursday, the 17th. Gents' 50c; masked ladies free; lady spectators, 25c; children, 10c. A prize for the best comic gent and best dressed lady; grand march at 9 p.m; Reynard's orchestra. oc13-1t

THE Single Tax Club will hold a public meeting in Temperance Hall, Pandora street, on Wednesday, October 16, at 8 p.m. Addresses by Dr. Ernest Hall, Alderman Macmillan, William Berridge, Byron H. West, and others; Ladies invited. Admission free. oc15 1t

CIVIL ENGINEER with English certificates is desirous of obtaining work, office or otherwise. Address Victor, Colonist office. oc15-3t 15-16 18

PURE DRUGS
Accurately Compounded
JOHN COCHRANE, PRESCRIPTION DRUGGIST
Gold Medallist, Ontario College Pharmacy. N.W. corner of Yates and Douglas Streets.

NOTICE.

All claims against the Wardroom Officers of H.M.S. Nymphe will forward them immediately. oc15-3t

—C. P. N. CO., L'D.—

STEAMER RAINBOW, Capt. Lawrence.

will leave C.P.N. Co.'s Wharf for

Alberni and Barclay Sound Ports

TUESDAY, OCTOBER 15, AT 8 O'CLOCK P.M.

For freight or passage, apply at office of Company, 64 Wharf street, Victoria, B.C.
The Company reserves the right to change this time table at any time without notification.
oc9 JOHN IRVING, Manager.

20 FINE MIXED 20
DUTCH HYACINTHS
FOR $1.00.
WM. DODDS
THE FLORIST, 207 FORT STREET.
oc4-1m

HERE I AM, LARGER THAN EVER.

And I am sold by all the leading wine merchants.

HUDSON'S BAY CO.,
Wholesale Agents.

CABLE NEWS.

The Sultan Accepts Reduced Scheme of Reforms, But Declines to Promulgate It.

Bombarded by British Warships—Elevations to the Peerage—The Sultan Uneasy.

LONDON, Oct. 14.—A Constantinople despatch to the Times says: "The Sultan accepts the reduced scheme of reforms in principle, but declines to promulgate it forthwith because such acceptance would look like acting under pressure. If he persists in this policy the storm will certainly gather again and will break.

The resolution of the Marquis of Salisbury to secure the adoption of the reforms proposed by the powers, and to use coercive measures if necessary, is causing the Sultan great uneasiness.

The venerable Right Rev. Dr. Durnford, bishop of Chichester, died at Basle, Switzerland, suddenly to-day, aged 93. Bishop Durnford was born in 1802, was educated at Magdalen college, Oxford, and married in 1840 Emma, daughter of the late Rev. John Keate, head master of Eton and Canon of Windsor.

Ferdinand Meyer, a retired general of the German army, committed suicide on the Thames embankment last evening by taking prussic acid. He had become reduced to beggary through the failure of Jabez Balfour's Liberator Building & Trust Company, in which all his money was invested.

Business is at a standstill in the Scotch steel and kindred trades, owing to the uncertainty of the market. If the shipbuilding strike spreads, the Clyde steel works will have to reduce their production.

General Beinaime telegraphs to-day via Port Louis, Island of Mauritius, that the French captured the Hova outworks at Tarafatra on the night of October 5 without any loss, in spite of the fact that the Hovas made a warm defence. He adds that on October 9 the news of the capture of Antananarivo was received, and thereupon he summoned the Hova general commanding the main position at Tarafatra to surrender, which was done after forty-eight hours of negotiations. Le Temps publishes a telegram which says that Antananarivo was defended by 15,000 Hovas, of whom 7,000 were armed with rifles and that they had a number of cannon.

The Governor-General of Alsace Lorraine, Prince Hohenlohe Langeburg, has received the following telegram from Emperor William of Germany regarding the murder of Heinrich Schwartz, a wealthy mill owner of Melhausen, who was stabbed to death by an Alsatian spinner named Andreas Meyer, who afterwards committed suicide by shooting himself through the head with a revolver: "I have just learned of the atrocious murder of Herr Schwartz, the manufacturer of Melhausen, and I beg your highness to express my sincere condolence with the unhappy widow in my name and in that of the Empress. This makes one more victim of the revolutionary agitation kindled by the socialists. Would that our people would arouse themselves to combat it."

Sir Algernon Boerthwick, Bart., member of parliament for South Kensington, proprietor of the Morning Post and president of the newspaper press fund, a Conservative; the Right Hon. Baron Henry de Worms, member of parliament for the East Toxteth division of Liverpool, formerly under secretary of state for the colonies, Conservative; and Hon. Horace Curzon Plunkett, member of parliament for the South division of Dublin county, Conservative, have been raised to the peerage.

Adelina Patti sang at a concert at Newcastle to-night. She has entirely recovered from her recent attack of laryngeal catarrh.

Admiral Beranger, Spanish minister of marine, has ordered strict inquiry to be made into the capture by Cuban insurgents at Aserraboro bay, near Santiago de Cuba, of a Spanish patrol boat and the disarming of a guard of marines on board her. The boat was commanded by a lieutenant of the Spanish navy and had twelve marines on board. Her armament consisted of a gatling gun. The insurgents suddenly boarded her and disarmed her crew, after which they took away her gun, all her ammunition, stores, etc., as well as the arms of the marines. The latter were then liberated. According to the instructions of the Spanish minister of marine the lieutenant who was in command of the boat is to be summarily punished if the facts of the case are as reported.

The Kolnische Zeitung to-day publishes a despatch from a correspondent in Constantinople asserting that information has been received that the town of Zanbara, Arabia, in the Persian gulf, had been bombarded by two British warships and had been destroyed. The English government has no news of any such bombardment and officials believe that it refers to the shelling of Arab dhows off the town of Bahrin, in the middle of September.

FRANCE AND RUSSIA.

Another Important Convention Signed, Binding Them in a Defensive Alliance.

PARIS, Oct. 14.—Le Gaulois asserts that Prince Lobanoff Rostovsky, Russian minister of Foreign Affairs, while in Paris recently signed another convention between France and Russia, pledging Russia to intervene forcibly against other powers than those composing the Dreibund in the event of an attack by them on France. As Russia was at the time pledged to a Franco-Russian alliance, as against the Dreibund, the present agreement, if it has been affected, binds Russia to assist France against any attacking power whatever.

For Puget Sound Points.

The fast steamer Sehome, Charles E. Clancey, master, leaves here every morning, excepting Sundays, at 9 o'clock for Port Townsend and Seattle, arriving at Seattle at 4 p.m., connecting with the N.P.R.R. train for the East. Returning she leaves Seattle at 10 p.m. daily, excepting Saturday, arriving here at 6 a.m. Tickets at Northern Pacific Railway Office, Government street. x

Arrived new wall papers, Mellor's. *

Suppose you just look at some of our "Japanese Rugs" and compare them with what you can get at the same price. Weiler Bros. x

THE INVENTOR OF MELINITE

Summoned to Constantinople by the Porte—Defence of the Bosphorus and Dardanelles.

PARIS, Oct. 14.—Le Figaro to-day announces that Turpin, the inventor of melinite, and whose recent claim that he had invented a number of deadly instruments of war caused for the time quite a sensation in military circles, has been summoned to Constantinople on behalf of the Turkish government, which proposes to utilize certain of his inventions for the defence of the Bosphorus and Dardanelles. Mr. Turpin has been much ridiculed on account of his recent eccentric behaviour and extravagant claims made for his inventions. Early in 1894 he caused a report to be circulated that he had invented some extraordinary death dealing machine, and allowed the impression to prevail that he had sold the most deadly secret to the German government. Then the report came out that he had sold this important secret to the British government, and finally it was intimated that the Belgian government had purchased it. In any case Turpin is said to have been visited at Brussels by the emissaries of the French war office.

General Mercier, the then minister of war, in the chamber of deputies denounced Turpin as a traitor, scoundrel and swindler, who was trying to entrap capitalists under false pretences. More than one deputy cried out that the inventor deserved to be killed as an enemy of his country. But some of the Parisian newspapers took the part of Turpin, claiming that he had been badly treated by the war department, and that the latter was to blame if he sold the inventions to foreign countries. Turpin, together with a man named Tripone, had previously served a term in prison as the result of the exposure of what were known in 1892 and 1893 as "Melinite scandals," they having sold, it was alleged, certain important secrets in re the manufacture of explosives to the Armstrong Gun Co., of England. Turpin's latest invention is said to be the application to cannon of the principle of the French rapid firing gun known as the mitrailleuse, with an absolutely automatic loading apparatus. He was quoted as saying: The gunner is done away with and liquefied gas or other explosive is at once my motor and ammunition. The only question is one of machinery, but the trouble is with the supplies. To take my weapon into action I want an immense quantity of ammunition, that is why I need a steamer or train to carry it all at once. Another invention attributed to Turpin was a shell which, after exploding in the ranks of the enemy, would give forth such a horrible smell and smoke that confusion was sure to follow.

THE STOKES MURDER.

Captain Lothaire the Whole Court by Which a British African Trader Was Sentenced to Be Hanged.

LONDON, Oct. 14.—The Pall Mall Gazette this afternoon publishes an interview with Dr. Michaud, a Belgian official, who is said to have been the only witness of the trial and execution of Stokes, the English trader. Dr. Michaud is quoted as saying that on January 15 of the present year, Stokes was brought before an alleged court martial. Captain Lothaire composed the entire court, he and the doctor being the only whites present. The only witnesses were a few Arabs who stated they had purchased rifles from Stokes. The trial lasted between one and two hours, after which Lothaire announced that Stokes was sentenced to death and that he would be executed the following day.

Continuing, Dr. Michaud is quoted, saying: "All my intercessions were futile. Lothaire refused to grant even a few days' reprieve. At five o'clock the next morning a servant called and informed me that Stokes was dead. I rose hurriedly, thinking Stokes had been stricken with apoplexy or had poisoned himself. I was startled to find a gallows and a newly made grave. Stokes had been executed and buried while I slept. As to his guilt or otherwise, I must be silent."

WINNIPEG WIRINGS.

Burned to Death by Prairie Fires—Drowning Accident—Arrest of a Supposed Incendiary.

WINNIPEG, Oct. 14. — (Special) — The damage by prairie fires in the Winnipeg district on Saturday was very great. Four people were caught in the flames. Their names are Thomas Honan, section foreman; Edward Lukyn, laborer, and two brothers named St. Germain. Many narrow escapes are reported. In several instances the farmers lost all their crops and buildings; the fire swept over the prairie in a perfect cyclone of flame.

A drowning accident occurred at Rock lake, about ten miles from Clearwater, last evening, in which young W. E. C. Carter, son of William Carter, commission merchant, Toronto, lost his life. He and a young man who was working for Carter were out in a boat, and when within sixty yards from the shore the boat foundered. Carter, not being able to swim, was drowned. The other man reached the shore and summoned help. Carter's body has not yet been recovered.

For several weeks past Regina has suffered severely by incendiary fires. Another occurred on Saturday night and was followed yesterday by the arrest of William Curran, who has charge of the Dominion Public Works office. He was under the influence of liquor. The arrest caused a great sensation. Curran is highly respected but has been drinking heavily of late.

Five hundred and twenty-two cars of wheat were inspected at Winnipeg last week, of which 166 graded No. 1 hard.

The World's Fair Tests showed no baking powder so pure or so great in leavening power as the Royal.

Down Comforters, Blankets, Sheetings, and Table Linens at Weiler Bros. x

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder World's Fair Highest Award.

A free concert will be given at the White Horse this evening. x

CAPITAL NOTES.

Memorandum of Proposed Tariff Agreement Between Canada and New Zealand.

The Chateauguay Monument—British Light Dues—Missing Mariners—Grain Inspection Fees.

(From Our Own Correspondent.)

OTTAWA, Oct. 14.—It will be remembered that during the past summer Hon. J. G. Ward, treasurer and postmaster-general of New Zealand, visited Canada and on behalf of his government signed jointly with Sir Mackenzie Bowell and Hon. Mr. Foster a memorandum respecting improved commercial relations and reciprocal tariff regulations. As agreed upon in the conference held informally in Ottawa on June 10 last, subject to the approval of the governments and legislatures of Canada and New Zealand respectively, it runs thus:

The following named articles when the produce or manufacture of New Zealand and imported direct therefrom into Canada, and when the produce or manufacture of Canada and imported direct therefrom into New Zealand, to be admitted in both cases free of customs duties, viz.:

1—Animals (live) excepting hogs; 2—Frozen or fresh meats; 3—Bacon and hams; 4—Fish; 5—Hides; 6—Milk (condensed or preserved); 7—Wool and manufactures, composed wholly or in part, thereof, viz; blankets, flannels, tweeds and rugs; 8—Flax (phormium); 9—Barley; 10—Oats; 11—Wheat and wheat flour; 12—Seeds; 13—Coal; 14—Kerosene oil (petroleum); 15—Safes; 16—Organs and pianofortes; 17—Tallow; 18—Lumber and timber, planks, boards, and dimension stuffs, rough or manufactured, including doors, sashes, and blinds; 19—Binder twine.

The following articles when imported under like conditions and in like manner to receive in both countries preferential tariff treatment as follows, viz:—

1. Agricultural implements, including also axes, hatchets, scythes, forks, rakes, hoes, shovels, and spades, if made dutiable under the New Zealand general tariff, to be free. 2. Twines of all kinds, ropes and cordage, a rate equal to 2½ per cent. ad valorem less than the general tariff rates current at date of importation. 3. Leather, a rate equal to 10 per cent. off the rate current at date of importation. 4. Boots and shoes, harness and saddlery at 17½ per cent. ad valorem, or in case the general tariff rate in both countries be 25 per cent., the preferential rate to be 20 per cent. 5 Furniture at 20 per cent. ad valorem.

The government has been advised that the Imperial authorities are considering the question of the abolition of British light dues, which will lead to the removal of the tax now impesed by the United States on Canadian vessels.

The Chateauguay monument will be unveiled by Miss de Salaberry, granddaughter of Col. de Salaberry, who commanded the French-Canadians at the battle.

Four Canadian seamen, formerly belonging to the barque Buteshire, awarded medals by the United States government for bravery, cannot be found.

The grain inspector at Fort William, who has been deriving an income of $12,000 annually from fees, has been cut down to $4,000.

CANADIAN NEWS.

(Special to the COLONIST.)

Ten Thousand Dollar Fire.

COLDWATER, Oct. 14.—A fire here on Saturday destroyed the brick stores of A. J. Wells, merchant tailor; C. C. Millard, druggist; and Smith & Orton, grocers. Total loss $10,000, partially insured.

Killed While Sliding.

MONTREAL, Oct. 14.—A little boy named St. Arnaud, a pupil at Mt. St. Louis college, in attempting to slide down the railing yesterday, fell a distance of thirty feet and was killed.

Fatal Accident.

NORTH BAY, Oct. 14.—P. Hiffney, a shantyman, said to come from Toronto, was accidentally killed near here on Saturday.

New G. T. R. Manager.

MONTREAL, Oct. 14.—Mr. L. J. Seargeant, who has resigned the office of general manager of the Grand Trunk Railway system, is to be succeeded by Mr. Hayes, vice-president of the Wabash road. Mr. Seargeant has been appointed director of the Grand Trunk board in London, and will hereafter act as Canadian adviser to the board, at a salary equal to that of the position which he has resigned.

Private Bank Suspended.

CHATHAM, Ont., Oct. 14.—Samuel Barfoot, a private banker, suspended payment this evening.

HAWAII EXCITED.

Cholera Has About Run Its Course—Filibustering Expeditions Have Excited the Authorities.

HONOLULU, Oct. 7. (per steamer China) San Francisco, Oct. 14.—Cholera has about run its course in this city. But one case has been reported since the last mail, making a total of 587 to date. The board of health has lifted the local quarantine and freight of all descriptions can be sent to the neighboring islands. Passenger travel is still restricted at present.

Filibustering expeditions are attracting the attention of the people. On the morning of the 4th inst., word was received by the authorities that a boat load of armed men had landed on this island about ten miles from Honolulu. The police have been all armed; extra soldiers have been enlisted, and in other ways the government is adopting precautionary measures. It is claimed that Ezeta and one of the Ashford brothers are at the head of the movement.

Human life is held too cheaply when the individual who needs a tonic for his system, seeks to cover his wants by purchasing every new mixture that is recommended to him. Remember that Ayer's Sarsaparilla has a well-earned reputation of fifty years' standing.

Insure your plate glass. Mellor. *

NEWS OF THE PROVINCE.

Gun Shed and Armory for Westminster—Burglars Committed for Trial.

Kamloops Assizes—Inspection of B. C. B. G. A. at Westminster—Among the Miners.

(Special to the COLONIST.)

VANCOUVER.

VANCOUVER, Oct. 14.—At a meeting of the executive of the Chinese Presbyterian church at Mission, all the Presbyterian ministers in the city were present. The Rev. Mr. McLaren was elected president, and Mr. Coleman, formerly of Victoria, secretary-treasurer and superintendent.

The handsome new organ for Christ church will be placed in position about the 15th, and a concert will be held to commemorate the event.

General Superintendent Abbott left yesterday to meet Sir William Van Horne and party, who are expected to arrive here on Wednesday in the private car "Saskatchewan."

In the auction sale of Steveston lots held on Friday sales amounting to $20,000 were made.

Rev. J. W. Pedley, pastor of the Congregationalist church, preached his farewell sermon last night. He leaves for Brantford, Ont., and is succeeded by Rev. H. C. Mason, late of Brandon, Man.

WESTMINSTER.

WESTMINSTER, Oct. 14.—The B. C. B. G. A. companies are looking forward to their annual inspection by Col. Peters next Saturday.

The government have ordered the erection of a gun shed and armory immediately opposite the temporary drill shed. Two 64-pounder guns will be mounted for drill purposes shortly.

The Royal Marine Artillery instruction school will be opened here about December. Lieut. Worsnop has been authorized to start another company.

Next year's exhibition will be held the second week in October. T. J. Trapp has been elected president, and D. R. Ker, Victoria, and T. G. Earle, of Lytton, vice-presidents; G. D Brymner, hon. treasurer; and A. B. Mackenzie, secretary.

It is understood that the Clydesdale stallion Lyon Chief, who took the first prize in his class, has been purchased by the Governor-General.

The two burglars, Lippy and Turner, arrested for burglary in connection with a Mission City robbery, have been committed for trial.

NANAIMO.

NANAIMO, Oct. 14.—The Synod of Columbia will meet in this city on Friday and Saturday. The ladies of St. Alban's will furnish luncheon for both days.

A Sechelt Indian was arrested on Saturday for selling a doe in the city, contrary to the provisions of the game act.

H. M. S. Royal Arthur and Nymphe called here on Saturday. The Nymphe left again on Sunday and the Royal Arthur remained until to-day.

Rev. D. A. McRae addressed a large audience yesterday at the Y.M.C.A. rooms, on "Public officials unworthy of confidence."

The Bishop of Columbia preached both morning and evening at St. Alban's yesterday.

GRANITE CREEK.

(From the Inland Sentinel.)

Mails are carried weekly from Coutlee, under the new contract recently awarded to Wm. Smith, and the improved facilities are much appreciated. Mr. Smith leaves Coutlee on Fridays.

Mr. Waterman's company, known as the Gold Point Mining company, about four miles from Granite Creek, has ceased work, but the pipe is in order for washing in the spring. About $350 was taken out for seven or eight hours actual running.

The trail from Thynne's to Otter flat has been widened this summer, and the wagon road from Nicola lake to Thynne's improved. As soon as these mines have the appearance of working steadily it is understood to be the intention of the government to extend the wagon roads.

The Tulameen Hydraulic Mining Company, of which W. L. Hogg is manager, is washing with a seven-inch pipe and inch nozzle, prospecting a bank, which is known to be rich. About $100 has been taken out so far. Water can be got from a creek about a mile distant, which would give 800 inches for most of the year.

Cecil Smith and R. Campbell Johnson, of Vancouver, were in and took up land on Slate creek, but so far nothing has been done by them. The organization is known as the Otter Flat Mining Company.

The Stevenson Gold and Platinum Hydraulic Mining Company is getting along well. About a mile of flume is built, while the grading and trestle work is about half a mile farther ahead. The company purposes bringing in the first north fork of Granite creek, and this will give about 1,000 inches of water. When Mr. Hunter left Indians had been sent to pack the pipe to the grounds. This company has been reorganized under Dominion charter, with the name of Granite Creek Gold and Platinum Hydraulic Co., Ltd., and the affairs will soon be nominally transferred. Washing is expected to start in the spring.

Hugh Hunter, provincial assessor, says that the revenue from Granite Creek division will this year show a large increase over last year, owing to the number who have gone in to work on mines, as well as from leases. The hydraulic companies are all pushing work forward. The Anglo-American Company, Capt. Scott's, are washing with two monitors, and have a supply of about 2,500 inches of water. For about a week they have been laying flumes for the ground sluices, and everything looks favorable for good returns next year, though some gold will be obtained before work must be suspended. The company's property is on the south fork of the Similkameen, about nine miles from Princeton.

KAMLOOPS.

(From the Inland Sentinel.)

Mr. Humphrey and J. McIntyre, who have spent a fortnight prospecting near Kamloops, have located two claims. This week was spent near Lac le Bois, where a strong vein 22 feet in width was located. The rock bears gold, but in what quantities has not yet been ascertained, and the value of the find has not yet been determined. The ledge is probably a continuation of the ledge upon which J. W. Vaughan staked a claim two years ago, but never developed. The same two men also found rock carrying gold and other minerals on the south side of the Thompson, but in small stringers. They located a claim there as well. W. F. Wood, some time ago found rock in that part bearing traces of gold, but did not develop the find sufficient to determine whether a ledge exists there or not. J. A. Morrison and others, when out a short time ago, found rock rich in copper near Guerin's but no work has been done by him and associates yet.

Kamloops fall assizes opened on Monday last before Mr. Justice Walkem.

In addressing the grand jury, His Lordship said he was glad they would have little to do. There was one case of murder, but that would be left over. There was a case of cattle stealing, but from the depositions so far as he had read, there were counter charges. The only civil case was Oliver v. Bailey for breach of promise. J. Campbell, counsel for the plaintiff, explained that the plaintiff was a widow and the defendant was about six or eight years younger. It seems that during the plaintiff's absence on a trip to the Old Country, the defendant saw some lady he liked better and married her. Judgment was allowed by consent and the plaintiff now asked the court to assess the damages.

THE KOOTENAYS.

(From the Spokane Spokesman-Review.)

Cariboo creek, about 20 miles below Nakusp, is attracting considerable attention just now. The first discoveries, made in May, 1894, were placer gold. Since then about 200 claims have been located.

Byron White, who came down from the Slocan Star a day or two ago, says the building for the new concentrator will be completed this month, and it is expected the machinery will be on the ground by the 25th. It will be placed in position as soon as possible and be ready for operation by January next.

Neils Larson, of Leadville, was in the city yesterday. Mr. Larson is the owner of several large properties in Leadville. He leaves for Trail Creek to look over the country and if the conditions are favorable will erect a smelter at some convenient point.

GOLDEN.

(From the Golden Era.)

A meeting of the settlers of Spillimacheene and district was held on Saturday, Sept. 25, to discuss the advisability of petitioning the Commissioner of Lands and Works to request him to grant them more time to pay the moneys due on their pre-emptions, than the notice recently issued and dated Aug. 8, provides.

W. C Wells, of Palliser, received a telegram from New York, on Saturday, asking him to repair there immediately to identify the body of a murdered man which was at that time lying in the morgue and supposed to be his son, George Wells. No particulars have come to hand.

Ayer's Hair Vigor, which has outlived and superseded hundreds of similar preparations, is undoubtedly the most fashionable as well as economical hair dressing in the market. By its use, the poorest head of hair soon becomes luxuriant and beautiful.

For a nice glass of cool beer or iced drinks call at Adelphi corner. M.C.Brown.

NOT A SCAR LEFT.

In scrofulous cases under ordinary treatment scars are left when the sores are healed. The action of Burdock Blood Bitters is assisted by applying it externally as well as internally. There is no cutting, no knife, just a natural healing power over abscesses, ulcers, sores, etc., that leaves the flesh as clean and sound as a babe's.

1895 PENDRAY'S 1896

PRIZE COMPETITION.

20 PRIZES

Will be given for the 20 largest number of Electric Soap Wrappers sent in by October 1, 1896.

1st Prize.....$20.00
2nd Prize.....$15.00
3rd Prize.....$10.00
2 Prizes of.....$ 7.50 each
4 Prizes of.....$ 5.00 "
6 Prizes of.....$ 2.50 "
5 Prizes of.....$ 1.00 "

For particulars and conditions see small bills sent out with all Electric Soap.

TAKE NOTICE—No wrappers of any kind will be eligible unless the name of W. J. PENDRAY is upon them. Refuse any other electric soap, and see that every wrapper has the name of W. J. PENDRAY upon it.

EDUCATIONAL.

Kindergarten and Primary School

16 BLANCHARD STREET, VICTORIA, B C.

Patroness: Her Excellency the Countess of Aberdeen.

Principal.....Mrs. R. S. Day
Kindergartner.....Miss Mathews (1st Class Certificated Teacher.)
Physical Culture.....Mrs. W. Marvin

The above School will re-open on Monday, September 9th, 1895. The teaching in the Primary School will be conducted entirely on kindergarten principles, and will include reading, writing, arithmetic, history, nature studies, with simple needlework and cutting out for the girls, and first lessons in Sloyd for the boys.

Lectures in practical cookery will be given every Monday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock to older girls.

Training class for ladies wishing to study the kindergarten system, four afternoons in the week.

For full particulars apply to THE PRINCIPAL, Derreen, Rocklands avenue, Victoria, B.C. au25-1t

VICTORIA COLLEGE,

BEACON HILL PARK,

(LATE CORRIG COLLEGE)

Re-Opens for Autumn Term Monday, September 2nd.

For Boarding or Day Prospectus apply

au4-d&w PRINCIPAL J. W. CHURCH, M.A

TUITION.

Mr. C. G. Skene is prepared to take young boys in all general subjects. Special attention given to elementary work. Drawing a specialty. Also candidates prepared for the Army and Civil Service. Terms moderate. For references, etc., apply at

32 RAE STREET. oct10-6t

Babies

and rapidly growing children derive more benefit from Scott's Emulsion, than all the rest of the food they eat. Its nourishing powers are felt almost immediately. Babies and children thrive on Scott's Emulsion when no other form of food is assimilated.

Scott's Emulsion

stimulates the appetite, enriches the blood, overcomes wasting and gives strength to all who take it.

For Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Bronchitis, Weak Lungs, Emaciation, Consumption, Blood Diseases and all Forms of Wasting. *Send for pamphlet. Free.*

Scott & Bowne, Belleville. All Druggists. 50c. & $1.

Advertisements under the heads of Lost, Found, For Sale or To Let and Situations Wanted will be inserted at the rate of one cent a word each insertion. Payment always in advance. No advertisement received for less than twenty-five cents.

WANTS.

WANTED—To rent, by a small family, five or six-roomed house or cottage; must have bath, be in good repair and not too far out. Address J.A.B., Colonist office. oct12-2t

WANTED—Nurse to care for one year old child in the afternoons, references required. Enquire in the morning at Roccabella. oct13-2t

WANTED—General servant. Apply to 80 Superior st. oct13-tf

WANTED—Situation by an experienced English housemaid; good references. Apply at Employment office, 43 Fort st. oct13-2t

WANTED—At Spencer's Ardade, dressmakers, improvers and apprentices. oct12-3t

WANTED—Furnished, a seven or eight roomed house, by the 1st of November. Address B., P. O. Box 657. oct12 3t

WANTED—Hotel clerk; address, Hotel Proprietor, this office. oct8.

WANTED—At 81 Johnson street, ladies and gents' cast off clothing, boots and shoes. se24-1m

WANTED—500 lots of new and cast off clothing, and shoes; 83 Johnson street. S. Cooness. au21-1m

TO LET OR LEASE.

TO LET—A furnished room with or without board, young lady preferred. Apply 28 Farquhar street. oc13

TO LET—By the year to an approved tenant, with possession at an early date; rent $35 per month, payable quarterly in advance; Maple Bank House, on Esquimalt Harbor, with 25 acres more or less of grounds and pasture. Apply to Capt. A E. McCallum, on the premises, in the forenoon, or to the Hudson's Bay Co., Victoria. oct2 6t

TO LET—Neatly furnished front rooms, with use of kitchen if required. Apply at 139 Michigan street. oct10-12t

FURNISHED rooms, with use of kitchen and bath, at Elsmere House, 101 Pandora street. oct10-1m

TO LET—A cottage with four rooms; $4 per month, including water; also one with 5 rooms and bath, rent $6.50 per month. Apply 4 Clark street, Spring Ridge. se21-1m

FOR RENT—One room with private family, where there are no other roomers; bath, shower, hot and cold water; conveniently situated; ten minutes walk from town, and close to car, $5.00. Address M., Colonist office. au27

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Golf balls at $3.75 per dozen. A. W. More & Co., 70 Douglas st. oc13

FOR SALE—An improved farm 160 acres Shawnigan District cheap at $1000; lot on Chestnut St. $200; 5 roomed cottage, Victoria West cheap at $877; a nice cottage on Stanley Avenue $2100. A. W. More & Co., 70 Douglas street. oc13

FOR SALE—Two first-class tow boats: one 58 feet long, compound 9 x 16 x 14 surface condensing, Scotch marine boiler; one 43 feet long single 8 x 10 Scotch marine boiler. For further particulars address R. R. Drummond, Commercial Wharf, Seattle. oc13-6t

FOR SALE—A first-class family cow, and two heifers in calf. Y., Colonist office. oct2-5t

FOR SALE—A barber shop in Kamloops, consisting of one barber's chair, one looking glass, five sitting chairs, oilcloth, four lamps, curtains, one stand, one wash stand, one bed, blankets, pillows, sheets and spring mattress, two tables, one stove and piping. Apply at Colonist office. oc12

FOR SALE—Restaurant, centrally located and doing good business; or will exchange for house and lot. P. O. Box 136. oc11-4t

FOR SALE—New herring seine net cheap. Apply H., Colonist office. oc10 5t

FOR SALE—One of the best farms in South Saanich, on the East road about 10 miles from Victoria Post Office, containing 100 acres; about 50 acres cleared and under cultivation; 6-roomed house, good farm buildings; over 200 fruit trees, all first class land; splendid spring of water. The farm is close to the Victoria & Sidney Railway. For further particulars apply to A. W. More & Co., 70 Douglas street. se13

FOR SALE—The Three Star Saloon, corner of Fort and Wharf streets. Apply on the premises. se25-1m

FOR SALE OR TO LEASE—Victoria West Steam Bakery, offering one of the best business openings in B.C. to day. Apply to The Brackman & Ker Milling Co., Victoria. se12

FARMERS and others having land to clear would do well to write to or call and see George Glover, of No. 61 Fourth street, Victoria, B C., who has for sale or hire the tree and stump puller known as "The Canadian Giant," which he believes is the best and speediest stumping machine in the world. se10 1md&w

LADIES who have no convenience at home in accouchement, would find every comfort and terms reasonable. Address Nurse, Colonist office. oct12-3t

NOTICE TO FARMERS and others needing agricultural drain tile. Having started a Tile Works, in South Saanich, and with a large stock on hand I am able to supply you with the same for cash, shipped by rail or boat. S. Tranter, Slugget P. O., or to 94 Fourth street, city. se24-1m

HOME FOR LADIES during confinement, or any sickness of non-infectious nature. 55 Kane street, near Blanchard. The Nurses are thoroughly experienced, and the lady Principal holds numerous Diplomas and Testimonials, including a first-class certificate from Queen Charlotte Hospital, London, England. oc5 3m

CLAIRVOYANT—M. M. Guy has assistant, gives massage, magnetic and alcohol treatments; the Vernon, room 12, Douglas street. oct8-1m.

70c. { Nickel Alarm Clocks } 70c.

S. A. STODDART,

The New Watchmaker and Jeweller

68½ YATES STREET,

Cleans Watches thoroughly for 75c.
New Main Spring, 75c.
Balance and Pallet Staffs, $1.25.
And guarantees all work for 12 months.
Practical experience of over 25 years. api

THREE MONTHS FOR NOTHING!

THREE MONTHS FOR NOTHING!

THE SEMI-WEEKLY COLONIST

$1.50

FROM NOW UNTIL DECEMBER 31ST, 1896.

THE PIONEER NEWSPAPER

SETS THE PACE.

COMMENCING with this date THE SEMI-WEEKLY COLONIST will be mailed to any address in Canada or the United States for $1.50 per annum, and as an additional inducement to present subscribers to renew, and to introduce the paper to new readers, THE SEMI-WEEKLY COLONIST will be mailed from now until December 31st, 1896, for the price of one year's subscription—$1.50—payable invariably in advance.

SUBSCRIBE NOW

AND SECURE 15 MONTHS FOR $1.50.

THE SEMI-WEEKLY COLONIST is issued on Mondays and Thursdays, in time for all out-going mails, and by this means out-of-town readers will be placed in closer touch with the Capital than was possible under the old method of publishing on Fridays only. The Semi-Weekly Edition is an eight-page six-column paper, and contains the Latest Local, Provincial and Foreign News up to the time of going to press.

—THERE IS SOMETHING IN IT FOR EVERYBODY.—

The Ladies are not neglected, for Fashion Articles and Illustrations, what is going on in woman's world, and an Entertaining Story, form a part of its contents. It is in the highest sense a CLEAN AND INSTRUCTIVE FAMILY NEWSPAPER, and should be read by everyone in British Columbia.

SUBSCRIBE NOW AND GET THREE MONTHS FOR NOTHING.

CLUB OFFERS

We have the following CASH PREMIUMS to offer to any persons who may choose to turn their spare moments to profitable account by soliciting subscriptions to THE SEMI-WEEKLY COLONIST:

FOR 5	NEW	SUBSCRIBERS....	$ 2.50	CASH
" 10	"	"	5.00	"
" 20	"	"	10.00	"
" 50	"	"	25.00	"
" 100	"	"	50.00	"
" 200	"	"	100.00	"

Or 50c. each for 5 subscriptions or over.

Anyone sending $4.50 in cash and the names of three subscribers will receive one year's subscription to THE SEMI-WEEKLY COLONIST FREE.

The above also includes the offer from date up to the 31st December, 1896. Cash in all cases must accompany orders.

ADDRESS—

The Colonist Printing & Publishing Co.,

VICTORIA, B.C.

WEATHER STRIPS

FOR DOORS AND WINDOWS.

General Repairs.
Carpenter Work of all kinds.

J. P. BURGESS,

se12-m 10 Broughton Street.

ST. ANDREW & CALEDONIAN SOCIETY. Society meets in Caledonia Hall, Blanchard street, on the first Friday in every month. Visiting brethren are invited to attend. E. C. Smith, Secretary. my4-1

THE LAKESIDE HOUSE,

—AT—

COWICHAN LAKE

THE MOST CHARMING SUMMER RESORT IN B.C.

Excellent Fly Fishing, Boating AND Scenery

Stage leaves Duncan's Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays. Fare for round trip, $3.50.

PRICE & JAYNES, - - PROPRIETORS.

my14

SPECIAL.

WHEN ALL OTHERS FAIL CONSULT

Doctor Sweany

RECOGNIZED BY THE MEDICAL FRATERNITY AS THE

LEADING AND MOST SUCCESSFUL SPECIALIST IN THE UNITED STATES.

THE friend and benefactor of suffering humanity, who for a number of years has had permanent offices at Seattle, where the sick and afflicted can receive treatment in the future, as they have in the past, from this noted philanthropist, whose fame is being spread from the Pacific to the Atlantic coast.

All are Invited and no Suffering Human Being will be Turned Away.

THE POOR

who call at his offices Fridays are welcome to his treatment free of charge.

What is the Reason of Dr. Sweany's Success, and Why do Sick People of Every Station In Life Crowd His Office Daily?

BECAUSE

First of all he has succeeded in effecting a cure of diseases before which all others stood powerless; and second, he is not only a doctor, but a Christian and a Philanthropist. His fame has preceded him, and the honors he received at the leading Eastern hospitals, as well as in Europe, were the highest ever bestowed upon anybody. To-day his treatment is unsurpassed by any, and he has testimonials to that effect from men of the highest standing in life, as well as from those of a lower station. It is a part of judgment and sense to seek Doctor Sweany first, instead of squandering time and money upon the uncertainties of patent medicines and picayune specialists.

All Private Diseases of Men and Women Positively Cured in the Shortest Possible Time.

YOUNG, MIDDLE-AGED AND OLD MEN

If you are victims of youthful indiscretions and unnatural losses, if you are on the road to idiocy, insanity and the grave, if gloom and melancholy, morbid fear and unnatural lust prevade your mind, if you are despondent and down-hearted, if you have lost all energy and ambition, if you have an aversion to society, if your memory is failing and you are unfit for business or study, you should consult Dr. Sweany before it is too late. Get well and be a man.

DISEASES OF WOMEN.

If you are suffering from any of the diseases peculiar to your sex, you should call or write to Dr. Sweany, and he will tell you just what can be done for you. He has succeeded in building up the most shattered and broken-down constitutions, and will bring back to you that health, strength and beauty which every woman should possess.

You Can be Cured at Home.

There are thousands cured at home by correspondence. Write if you cannot come personally. The strictest secrecy is observed, so cast aside all feelings of shame to consult the Doctor. He is conversant in all modern languages.

Method of Treatment.

No poisonous or injurious mineral drugs used, but the medicines are all compounded from the very choicest, purest and most effective medicinal plants, roots and herbs in the whole range of nature, and while their effects are marked and immediately apparent, they do not build up temporarily, but effect permanent as well as perfect cures.

Office hours 9 to 12 a.m., 2 to 5 and 7 to 8 p.m. Address—

LEVERETT SWEANY, M. D.,
Union Block, 713 Front St.,
SEATTLE, WASH.

au27

DURRANT'S ADMISSIONS.

The Prosecution Expect on the Prisoner's Own Statements to Destroy the Entire Fabric of the Defence.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 14 —An impression exists here among those who have watched the trial closely that there is something to come which will perhaps have more effect on the minds of the jurymen as regards the guilt or innocence of the defendant than anything that has gone before. This opinion is based on the confidence with which District Attorney Barnes put the series of startling questions to the defendant relating to his conversation with the newspaper reporter Miss Cunningham at the county jail within the past week, and also touching on the address and indorsement of the mysterious envelope which may or may not have contained a confession. The prosecution's witnesses will seek to show that Durrant made admissions which destroy the whole fabric of the defence. These alleged admissions are taken by the prosecution as coming from the one person on earth who knews all that occurred beneath the belfry of Emanuel church on the afternoon of April 3

The record of what passed at the jail between Miss Cunningham and Durrant will thus be told by the prosecution, which is in possession of the full facts. On the evening of September 22, Miss Cunningham visited Durrant at the county jail. During the course of their conversation Durrant showed her a small envelope which bore the following address and indorsement: "Messrs. Dickinson and Deuprey, to be opened in case I am convicted, and to be returned to me in case I am acquitted." Durrant told the young lady that the envelope contained a complete statement of all that had occurred in Emanuel Baptist church on the afternoon of April 3. He said that it had been written in order that his attorneys might know the facts in case of his being convicted of the murder of Blanche Lamont. On the following evening, September 23, Miss Cunningham again visited Durrant at the county jail and was then shown a large envelope addressed like the other smaller one. Durrant told her that the contents of the other envelope had been jammed up, and he had transferred the written statement to the large envelope.

On the morning of October 5 Miss Cunningham held another conversation with Durrant at the county jail, during the course of which, in answer to questions asked him by the young lady, he said that at about 5 o'clock on the afternoon of April 3 he ascended the space between the ceiling and roof of Emanuel Baptist church for the purpose of fixing one of the sun burners. While at work he heard a noise which attracted his attention; it seemed to come from a part of the building where the belfry is situated. He walked along in the direction from which the sound came and peered through the opening that connects the space above the ceiling with the interior of the belfry tower. While in this position he saw the body of Blanche Lamont lying on the second landing of the belfry stairs. Miss Cunningham then said: "Oh, yes; it was from the second landing of the stairs that blood dripped down and stained the cloth over the picture frame on the door below." Durrant replied there was no blood on the cover of the picture frame as the stains had been analysed and it was found that they were made by water and not by blood.

An official inspection was made of the cloth over the picture, which revealed the fact that a piece of the cloth had been cut from the frame in the centre of the largest blotch or stain. This was not done by anybody connected with the prosecution, and the inference is that it was done by someone interested in the defence and that it was for the purpose indicated by Durrant's alleged statement regarding an analysis.

FAILURE STATISTICS.

R. G. Dun & Co.'s Statement for the Third Quarter of 1895.

In their statement for the third quarter of 1895, Messrs. R. G. Dun & Co. show that the total number of commercial failures in Canada was 432, with assets of $2,512,931 and liabilities $3,390,218. For the first half of the year there were 907 failures, with assets of $5,179,323 and liabilities $6,537,985. During the last quarter Quebec had 192 failures, with liabilities of $2,009,642 and assets $1,471,741, Ontario having 175, with $633,564 assets and $910,574 liabilities. British Columbia during the same period had 15 failures with $241,677 assets and $224,776 liabilities. Of these one was a manufacturing concern with $2,000 liabilities and assets of the same amount, while there were 14 trading failures with assets $269,677 and liabilities $252,776. Only one banking concern became insolvent during the quarter. It was in Ontario; its liabilities were $20,000 with assets of $10,000. In the whole of Canada the insolvent trading concerns of the quarter numbered 325 with assets $1,497,737 and liabilities $1,973,938, and 105 manufacturing establishments with assets $1,014,194 and liabilities $1,391,280.

ALASKA.

TO THE EDITOR:—In a book entitled "Alaska," published in Seattle, 1895, the following paragraph occurs, in describing the tourist route northward: "A stop of an hour and the steamer is ready to resume its course towards Loring. (This is a town and post office situate on the northwest side of the island of Revilla Gigedo.) The twenty-five mile distance (from Ketchican, Tongas Narrows), is covered in about three hours; and the seat of what was, until the past three years, one of the most prolific red salmon streams in all Alaska, is found picturesquely located on the western slope of a high mountain. For a number of years from fifteen to twenty thousand cases of red salmon were packed each year by this establishment, but a system of trapping prevailed by which the fish were prevented from ascending to the lake above, and this has very nearly exhausted the supply. The pack is now mostly of the hump-back variety. Just back of the cannery the sparkling waters of Naha falls come thundering down fifty feet or more, and are considered the most beautiful of the many encountered along the tourist route."

The foregoing extract will serve to illustrate how our Northern neighbors manage to destroy valuable salmon fishing, and "kill the goose that lays the golden egg." Yours etc., ALEXANDER BEGG, C.C.

Victoria, October 11, 1895.

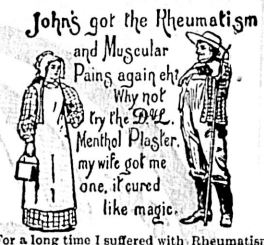
"Harold, it is necessary," she insisted. "It would break mamma's heart were I not to marry well."

One look into her eyes told him that there was no alternative.

"As you say," he sighed.

Suiting their action to the word, they proceeded to rehearse their wedding twice a day.—Detroit Tribune.

Milburn's Cod Liver Oil Emulsion with Wild Cherry and Hypophosphites combines the curative powers of Wild Cherry, Hypophosphites of Lime and Soda and pure Norwegian Cod Liver Oil is perfectly palatable form. It is the best for coughs, colds, and all lung troubles.



For a long time I suffered with Rheumatism in the Back so severely that I could not even sit straight. My wife advised a D. & L. Menthol Plaster. I tried it and was soon going about all right. S. C. HUNTER, Sweet's Corners.
Price 25c.

BOSTOCK AGAINST B. C.

TO THE EDITOR:—The past two issues of the Broad street weakling have contained vicious attacks on the Lillooet-Fraser-River Cariboo Goldfields Co., recently formed in England through the agency of Mr. F. Barnard, M.P. Every effort is made to throw doubt on the bona fides of the enterprise. The impression conveyed to the reader is that the objects of the company are little removed from swindling. This is a most unjust and untruthful representation of the status of the company. In its formation no care was taken to suppress any information concerning its intentions. They were heralded through the world by means of the great London dailies and financial papers. Anyone who may subscribe for stock is fully aware how the money invested therein is to be expended. Nothing could have been placed before the public more plainly and unreservedly.

And what is the chief object of the company? Simply to acquire and develop mining properties in this province, and especially in those sections denoted by its name. This is a kind of enterprise that British Columbia has been seeking for a long time past. The desirability of mining investment in this province has been pointed out by its press for many years, and writers on the Broad street sheet have become to some extent hysterical in advocating the same. Then why this tirade against Mr. Barnard's company?

As perhaps all your readers are now well aware a certain Mr. Hewitt Bostock is anxious for political preferment. Not because of any heaven-born legislative talent he possesses, but because some freak of Dame Fortune, it is said, has made Mr. Bostock a wealthy man. This fact he considers sufficient to make him eligible for any position of honor in the gift of the electorate. Mr. Bostock is chief owner of the paper in question. Messrs. Barnard and Mara, both interested in the Goldfields company, now represent the districts that are to be united into one in the next election. Mr. Bostock is ambitious to be its member as against Mr. Mara. What inducement he has to offer an intelligent electorate, such as mining districts always contain, other than his bank account, it would be hard to determine. Up to date Mr. Bostock has been unfortunate in his political moves. After announcing himself a candidate for Yale at the last provincial election, he found that he was too much of a "chee chako" to be eligible. At the Liberal convention in this city last fall he was knifed by his friends and compelled to seek new fields. He selected Yale-Cariboo, and has since intermittently sought to gain credit and acquaintance with its electors. He is not certain about his political faith, but is willing to be sacrificed in the Liberal interests.

But what can the electors of Yale-Cariboo-Kootenay think of a man who, while seeking their confidence and support, is doing all he can through the sheet that he owns to cast suspicion on a scheme that will, if successful in its operations, bring a large amount of prosperity into their midst. Mr. Bostock must be devoid of even ordinary intelligence if he imagines he can flagrantly attack their interests through a paper he owns, and at the same time ask and secure their support to send him to Ottawa. It is not because of the unsoundness of Mr. Barnard's company that Mr. Bostock through his paper attacks it, but because of Mr. Mara's connection with that company. And if impotent jealousy of Mr. Mara leads Mr. Bostock into attacking a company that is bringing a million or more for investment into British Columbia, it is not reasonable to suppose that the residents of the districts in which it is chiefly to be expended will crave to have him for their representative. The man who will commit such a folly is scarcely to be trusted with the management of his own affairs, and I believe the electors of Yale-Cariboo-Kootenay will come to such a conclusion. They would be unwise indeed to reject a man of Mr. Mara's ability for such a negative quantity. Mr. Mara has large interests in the province and has done much by his enterprise to promote its prosperity. And if, with Mr. Barnard, he has brought capital into the country, he should receive commendation and not blame. But it is because of his connection with the Goldfields Co. that that institution has been belittled and besmirched by Mr. Bostock's paper, and the interests of the district he seeks to represent thereby injured.

I would not have written thus warmly and lengthily but for the general condemnation of the attack by Mr. Bostock's paper on Mr. Barnard's company, and in the hope that a true estimate of Mr. Bostock's character may be learned by those whom he asks to honor him.

BRITISH COLUMBIA FIRST.

Baldness is often preceded or accompanied by grayness of the hair. To prevent both baldness and grayness use Hall's Hair Renewer, an honest remedy.

RUNNING SORES CURED.

DEAR SIRS—I was troubled with running sores on my face which nothing could cure up to the time I tried Burdock Blood Bitters, but after taking two bottles my face was completely cured and it left my flesh clear and sound.

A. HEATHERS,
27 Woolsley St., Toronto.

MEN OF ALL AGES

may be cured. We treat all sexual disorders of men. Four out of five who suffer nervousness, mental worry, attacks of "the blues," are but paying the penalty of early excesses. The dread alarm of Impotency, the exhaustion of Spermatorrhœa, may be CURED in *strict confidence* at *moderate expense.*

Send for our *free* sealed book, "PERFECT MANHOOD."

ERIE MEDICAL CO., Buffalo, N.Y.

E. M. JOHNSON

37 Government Street, Corner of Broughton.

ESTABLISHED 1879.

Real Estate Agent, Conveyancer and Notary Public

Loans Effected, Rents and Income Collected, Deeds Prepared, Etc., Etc.

FOR SALE--20,000 ACRES FARMING LAND

In contiguous Blocks; Beautifully watered; forming one of the finest estates in the Province; house and farm buildings, 2000 cattle; 50 to 80 horses; easy approach; good roads; railways projected to property and the estate is in close proximity to some of the best developed, most promising gold mines in the District. The price of the whole is extremely moderate. Principals only treated with.

FOR SALE---1388-ACRE FARM

About 1000 Acres of which is Ploughable Prairie of First-class Quality.

120 Head Cattle 1 pedigree Hereford Bull.

12 Horses.

Ploughs, Harrows, Reaper, Wagon, Sleds and usual Farm Implements.

Double Harness, Chain Harness, Bull Chains, Saddles (ladies and gent's), Bridles, etc.

Blacksmiths' Bellows, Anvil and Tools and Carpenters' Tools.

9-Room House (shingle roofed; Stable for 10 horses, with hay loft above; Stone Roothouse, Store Buildings, Dairy, Cow Sheds, etc., etc.

7 Miles (about) Standing Fences, in good order; Corralls, &c.

Small Lot Household Furniture, Stove and Pipes, Cooking Utensils, Crockery, etc., etc.

This Property is within easy distance of many of the most important Gold, Silver and Coal Mines in West Kootenay. The soil is the best bottom land, and the locality is one of the few places in the Province where so large a piece of good farm land can be found in one block. A river runs through the property, and rainbow trout are plentiful and afford capital sport. Deer abound in considerable numbers. Bear, Wolf, Coyote and other large game are to be found in the hills. There are two creeks recorded and belonging to the estate, one flows all the year round. Limestone and brick clay are to be had in the valley.

The Cattle are well bred; a much larger herd could be farmed with the place. The bunch grass on the hills in the vicinity covers many thousands of acres, and is available to the few land owners in the valleys.

The Climate is not severe, the station was for many years the winter quarters of the H. B. Co.'s pack trains.

The Title is Crown Grant. Immediate possession can be given.

The South West Kootenay and Osoyoos Divisions of Yale District, British Columbia, judging from the actual ore products of the mines to date, are destined in the next year or two to be the richest and most important mineral centres in the world.

These localities are rapidly settling up and as farm land is limited great inducement is offered to any person or corporation having capital and knowledge necessary to develop and work these estates. A store, hotel and blacksmith shop could be run in connection with the farm.

P. O. BOX 188. TELEPHONE NO. 74.

A PAIL OR TUB THAT

HAS NO HOOPS,
CAN'T LEAK, . .
CAN'T SWELL, .
CAN'T SHRINK, .
IS SEAMLESS. .

Pails and Tubs of one kind only have these qualities. They are kept by all well-appointed grocery stores and are called . . . .

E. B. EDDY'S INDURATED FIBRE-WARE.

ALEXANDRIA CREAM SEPARATORS

THE SAME AS IS USED BY THE TRAVELLING DAIRY

On View and For Sale By the Agents . . .

E. G. PRIOR & CO., LTD LBY.

CORNER GOVERNMENT AND JOHNSON STS.

MUNICIPAL NOTICE.

TAX ON DOGS.

Owners of dogs are requested to take notice that the tax for the year 1895 on every dog within the City of Victoria is now due.

The provisions of the "Pound By-law" and the "Revenue By-law, 1893," will be enforced with respect to any such tax remaining unpaid from this date.

Mr. Robert Carter is authorized collect the above tax.

CHAS. KENT, Collector.

City Collector's Office, City Hall,
Victoria, B.C., May 22nd, 1895. my23-t

SHORTHAND.

Pitman's system, taught in twenty-five lessons for $25. Proficiency Guaranteed. Address 3 Centre Road, Spring Ridge. ap1

BANK OF BRITISH COLUMBIA.

(Incorporated by Royal Charter, 1862.)

CAPITAL (with power to increase) £600,000 $2,920,000
RESERVE £235,000 $1,143,666

HEAD OFFICE - - - 60 LOMBARD STREET LONDON, ENGLAND.

BRANCHES:

IN BRITISH COLUMBIA—Victoria, Vancouver, New Westminster, Nanaimo, Kamloops and Nelson (Kootenay Lake.)

IN THE UNITED STATES—San Francisco, Portland, Seattle and Tacoma.

AGENTS AND CORRESPONDENTS:

In Canada—Canadian Bank of Commerce, Merchants' Bank of Canada, The Molsons Bank, Imperial Bank of Canada, Bank of Nova Scotia, and Union Bank of Canada. In United States—Canadian Bank of Commerce (Agency) New York, Bank of Nova Scotia, Chicago. In Australia and New Zealand—Bank of Australasia. In Honolulu—Bishop & Co.

SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT. Deposits received from $1 upwards, and interest allowed (present rate) at 3 PER CENT. PER ANNUM.

Gold Dust purchased and every description of Banking Business transacted.

Victoria, B.C., July 1, 1893. GEO. GILLESPIE, MANAGER.

THE BRITISH COLUMBIA EXPRESS CO'Y, LTD.

STAGES FOR CARIBOO

The regular Weekly Stage for all points in

Cariboo and Lillooet,

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Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays. Returning Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays. Ashcroft for Lillooet, Mondays and Wednesdays.

Special Stages

Furnished on proper notice and at reasonable rates. For a party of five or more persons, regular stage fares only will be charged. These specials make regular stage time, changing horses along the route. General express matter carried by regular stages. Fast freight by specials.

For further information apply to
B. C. EXPRESS CO., LTD.,
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CHAS. HAYWARD,

Funeral Director & Embalmer

62 GOVERNMENT STREET, VICTORIA.

The largest and best appointed Undertaking Establishment in the Province.

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The Colonist.

TUESDAY, OCTOBER 15, 1895.

PUBLISHED EVERY DAY EXCEPT MONDAY BY THE COLONIST PRINTING & PUBLISHING COMPANY, LIMITED LIABILITY.

W. H. ELLIS, Manager. | A. G. SARGISON, Secretary.

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THE DAILY COLONIST.

Per year (postage free to any part of Canada) $10 00
Parts of a year at the same rate.
Per week (if delivered) 25

THE SEMI-WEEKLY COLONIST.

PUBLISHED EVERY MONDAY AND THURSDAY

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THE WORLD'S SUPPLY OF GOLD.

It has been said with a great deal of confidence that one of the causes of the hard times from which every civilized nation in the world has to a greater or less extent of late years suffered, is the appreciation of gold. Gold, a certain school of economists maintain, has become so scarce in proportion to the demand for it that the prices of commodities have become ruinously low. Elaborate statistics have been collected and compiled to show that an ounce of gold can in these days purchase more of the products of men's labor than it could some two or three score years ago. The lowness of prices, it is argued, proves beyond controversy that gold has appreciated. Gold is in many countries the only standard of value, and consequently prices rise and fall as the value of gold rises and falls.

We are not just now concerned about the soundness or the unsoundness of this theory. Assuming that it is to a certain extent true, it will follow that the more abundant gold becomes the less a given quantity of it, say an ounce, will buy. This is another way of saying that when gold becomes abundant prices will rise. The more gold there is and the easier it is to get it the higher prices of commodities will become. Some of our readers may remember that when the mines of California and Australia were increasing the world's supply of gold at a rate up to that time unprecedented, quite a number of thinking men feared that if the flow of gold did not cease or lessen to a considerable extent gold would lose its character as a precious metal. After a while, they said, an ounce of gold would have no greater purchasing power than an ounce of silver.

Well, admitting that this theory is sound and that the prices of commodities of all kinds almost entirely depend on the appreciation or the depreciation of gold, it is worth while inquiring whether there is any likelihood of gold appreciating to such an extent that prices will become even lower than they are at present.

Those whose attention have been directed to this subject tell us that for the last ten years the annual supply of gold has been increasing. Between the years 1860 and 1885 the world's annual output of gold had decreased from $141,000,000 to $98,000,000. Since 1885 the annual product of the yellow metal has been going up and up, until this year it is estimated to reach $200,000,000. The following table gives the world's annual output of gold since 1851:

	Average Annual Product.
1851-60	$141,000,000
1861-70	132,000,000
1871-80	120,500,000
1881-85	98,271,000
1886-90	106,413,000
1891	125,725,000
1892	140,836,000
1893	153,241,000
1894	175,404,000
1895 (estimated)	200,000,000

Several countries have contributed to the increase, as is shown by the following statement:

The average annual product for the five years ending in 1885, compared with the product of 1894, is as follows for the various countries: In Australia it rose from 1,380,000 ounces to 1,883,000 ounces; in the United States, 1,556,000 ounces to 2,080,000 ounces; in Russia, from 1,150,000 ounces to 1,354,000 ounces; in South Africa, from an insignificant amount to 1,837,000 ounces, and in other countries from 834,000 ounces to 1,665,000 ounces. It will be seen, therefore, that the increased product of gold is by no means confined to the new mines of South Africa. It is due in part to the improvement in processes of mining, including the reduction of ores, and in part to the increased means of transportation, giving cheaper access to and carriage from gold fields already known. The influence thus exerted may be expected to continue, while there is reasonable ground to look also for steadily advancing discoveries on account of the stimulus given to exploration and prospecting by recent success. As an example of what expert judges have been led to predict, we may cite the opinion of an English engineer of standing, Sir Edgar Vincent, that the Transvaal alone contains $5,000,000,000 in gold, and may within twenty years yield at the rate of $100,000,000 a year. Russian experts indulge in predictions less imposing, but highly flattering, of the yield to be got from the Siberian mines when railway communication shall open them up more completely, as will be done in the course of the next decade.

If there is any truth in these calculations and estimates those who believe that good prices and prosperous times depend upon gold being kept down in value to a reasonable figure may make their minds easy. There is no fear of gold being appreciated to any extent so long as the supply of it increases at the rate predicted by experts. The probability is that prices will rise considerably all round. There are so many conditions on which the prices of commodities depend that the most skilful of the experts do not venture to predict what they will be a few years hence. But it must be evident that if the supply of gold continues to increase during the next twenty years as it has in the past twenty years, the appreciation of gold will not be the cause of serious business trouble in any part of the world.

THE RUSH'S REPORT.

From a report of the cruise of the Richard Rush in Behring sea given to the San Francisco Chronicle apparently by one of her officers, it appears that the cutter during the season boarded "seventy-eight vessels. All the boats in this fleet," the Chronicle says, "were cruising after seal." The greater number of the seventy-eight vessels must have sailed from American ports, for only thirty-two sealers cleared from the port of Victoria for Behring sea.

The Rush made four seizures—three of them were British vessels and one an American. It is worth remarking that the American vessel, the Louis Olsen, was the only one found seal hunting within the sixty mile limit.

The Chronicle's account says: "The British schooner Beatrice was seized because her log was not regular. The captain had neglected to write it up, and there was no way to tell where the vessel had been sailing or what she had done. The law is plain on this point, and the Beatrice was promptly taken to Ounalaska and reported to Her Majesty's ship Pheasant.

"The British schooner Shelby was found close in shore. Her captain claimed he was engaged in bear hunting, but it was thought queer that if that was the case she should be in the sealing grounds. She was also turned over to the British boat.

"The schooner E. B. Marvin was seized because it was found on examining her ammunition that she was short a number of shells which she had reported at Attu. No satisfactory explanation of the disappearance of these shells was given. The Marvin being a British boat went as the others had gone."

This account of the Marvin's seizure does not altogether agree with the one given in Victoria. The "shells" on board the Marvin when she was seized, we were told, so far from being "short" were found to be greater in number than were reported in Attu. The officer in Attu evidently made a mistake in the count and certified to fewer shells than were on board the vessel. There is nothing in the Chronicle's account about overhauling the skins and about seizing the vessel because there was a hole in one of them which appeaaed as if it had been made by a bullet.

The reader will observe that none of the British vessels are reported as "poaching"—hunting within the sixty mile zone. In fact the offences of the British vessels, if they can be called offences, must have appeared in the eyes of even Americans as very trivial indeed, and as in no way justifying the denunciation of the British sealers as "poachers" and "pirates" that appeared from time to time in the American newspapers. The American sealer seems to have been very indulgently treated by the Corwin. The Louis Olsen was found sealing within the sixty mile limit. No particulars are given, but her captain's excuses were evidently deemed sufficient; he was let off with a warning. "Two days later the Rush came along and found the schooner ten miles within the line with a fair wind to get out if she cared to." She was then seized, and an officer of the Rush put on board of her to take her to a United States port. Would a British schooner, found by an American cutter within the sixty mile limit, have been allowed a second chance?

A COMPARISON.

The following comparison of the progress of Canada with that of the United States made by Mr. George Hague, general manager of the Merchants' Bank, will strike a great many Canadians as remarkable. The general impression in the Dominion is that the United States has far outstripped Canada in everything that goes to make a country great and prosperous. And, we are ashamed to say, there have been not a few Canadians whose object in life appears to have been to convince everyone with whom they come in contact of the immense superiority of the United States when compared with Canada. Mr. Hague said:

I make bold to say, and I will challenge proof to the contrary, that Canadians have made fully as much, if not more, of the available resources of their territories, so far, as the people of the United States. . . . The whole settlement of what is now Canada and the only possible avenue of settlement up to the time of the conquest, was by the St. Lawrence River and waters bordering upon it. . . . Up to the time of the American Revolution about 200,000 people had come and settled on the edge of the waters, Montreal being then almost the farthest point of civilization. The United States (comprising all New England, New York, Pennsylvania, Maryland, Virginia, Delaware, North Carolina, South Carolina and Georgia), more accessible, more productive, and up to that time far exceeding in natural resources, had come to have a population of 3,000,000. . . . One hundred and twenty years have elapsed, and what has been the fate of each of these companies of people? The three million of the United States people have become 60,000,000, the increase being twenty fold. The 200,000 of Canadians, partly French and partly English in origin, have become five million, the increase being twenty-five fold. We have increased more rapidly in population; instead of being slow and unprogressive we have increased at a greater rate than our neighbors.

There are few men in Canada more competent or in a better position to make this comparison than Mr. Hague. He is an unusually able man. He is well acquainted with the affairs both of Canada and the United States and he has long been a high official of a large banking institution and has consequently had opportunities of observation enjoyed by but few of his Canadian contemporaries.

Don't you know that Hood's Sarsaparilla will overcome that tired feeling and give you renewed vigor and vitality?

DISTRESSING COUGH CURED

DEAR SIRS,—Having a most distressing cough for some time. I tried Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup, and after taking a few doses found great relief, and one bottle entirely cured me. It is the best cough medicine I have ever taken.

WALTER PIZZEY,
Balmerino, Man.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder
World's Fair Highest Medal and Diploma.

"WORTH A GUINEA A BOX."
Covered with a Tasteless and Soluble Coating.

BEECHAM'S PILLS
are a marvellous Antidote for Weak Stomach, SICK HEADACHE, Impaired Digestion, Constipation, Disordered Liver, etc.; found also to be especially efficacious and remedial by FEMALE SUFFERERS.
Wholesale Agts. Evans & Sons, Ld. Montreal.
For sale by all druggists. 121

FIFTH ANNUAL . . JUBILEE HOSPITAL BALL
IN ASSEMBLY ROOMS, FORT STREET, ON THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 7th,
Under the distinguished patronage of the Governor General and Countess of Aberdeen . . . . . .
Gentlemen's Tickets, including ladies, $3.00; Ladies' Tickets $1.00. May be had from any of the ladies of Auxiliary Committee, or from T. N. Hibben & Co., R. Jamieson, Davidson Bros, and Challoner & Mitchell oc8-6t

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MINERAL WATER
—FROM—
HARRISON HOT SPRINGS.
THORPE & CO.,
LT'D L'B'Y,
VICTORIA. Telephone 435. Box 175. | VANCOUVER. Telephone 181. Box 505.
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Sequah's Remedies
Can be Obtained from your Chemist. . . .
TAKE NO SUBSTITUTE.
Don't forget, these Remedies have been
PUBLICLY TESTED
and proved to be superior to any other. . .
SOLD BY ALL CHEMISTS, AND DIRECT FROM LANGLEY & CO.
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AUCTION SALES.

ORDER
—OF—
AUCTION SALE TO-DAY
AT 11 A.M.
—AT—
ESNOUF'S
FURNITURE
STORE, FORT ST.
Commencing at Lot 1 in Philharmonic Hall we will sell to Lot 450 or 500 in the next store without stopping. The Lots will suit all classes of buyers, and those who need, or are likely to need, any article of Furniture or Bric-a-Brac, or wishing to put in a stock of second-hand or new Furniture should not miss this opportunity.
Absolute sale and no reserve.
HERBERT CUTHBERT & CO.,
oc15 Leading Auctioneers.

BY Order of Mortgagees—Auction Sale Choice Residential City Property by Herbert Cuthbert & Co., on Friday, October 18th, at 11 a.m., in their Real Estate Salerooms, corner of Broad street and Trounce avenue.
We will sell by auction as above, under powers contained in certain mortgages, which will be produced at the time of sale, the following properties:
LOT 1—All that piece or parcel of land known as Lot Five (5) of subdivisions of Lots Seven (7), Eight (8) and Nine (9), Section Tweny-two (22), Beckley Farm, Victoria, B.C., together with the handsome two storey residence, stable and outhouses erected thereon. This property has a frontage of sixty (60) feet to Dallas Road, commanding a fine and uninterrupted view of the Straits. The residence is a modern one of very attractive appearance, with massive stone foundations, and was erected two years ago. It contains vestibule, hall, two reception rooms, dining-room, breakfast room, kitchen and bathroom, all on ground floor; four large bedrooms and dressing room on first floor. Those seeking a comfortable and convenient family residence in a healthy locality cannot do better than give this their attention.
LOT 2—All that piece or parcel of land known as Lot 4, Block T, Subdivision of Section 4, Work Estate, Victoria, B.C., together with the attractive and desirable cottage outhouses, etc., erected thereon. This is a very nice property and is well worth the serious attention of those about to marry, and who desire a pleasant home. It is situated on the Gorge Road, opposite the Gorge road church, and has frontage of sixty (60) feet. The cottage contains five rooms, is built of brick with cement casing, and has a stone foundation with large useful basement. There is a stable and useful outhouses attached.
It is not often that such desirable modern properties are offered for sale at auction.
Terms are very easy and will be announced at the time of sale.
For further particulars apply to
HERBERT CUTHBERT & CO.,
oct8 Leading Auctioneers.

JOSHUA DAVIES
AUCTIONEER,
(ESTABLISHED 1863.)
Room 7, Board of Trade Building
SALESROOM NEXT DOOR.

W. T. HARDAKER, AUCTIONEER.
—AUCTION—
—ON—
FRIDAY, OCT. 18th, AT 2 P.M.
DESIRABLE
HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.
Particulars later.
W. T. HARDAKER, Auctioneer.

AUCTION
MORTGAGEE'S SALE of HOUSE AND LOT, . .
SATURDAY, OCT. 19, AT 11 A.M.
I have been instructed by the Mortgagee to sell at my rooms, Yates street:
Lot 399 View street, between Blanchard and Quadra, 60x120, with a good two-story building thereon; on ground floor, three parlors, bed and bath room, kitchen with range, pantry; upstairs, four bedrooms; all the rooms in the house are heated with a furnace and hot air pipes; this property is connected with the city sewage.
oc12 G. BYRNES, Auctioneer.

PLINY E. DAVIS & CO.
Auctioneers and Commission Merchants,
OFFICE AND SALESROOMS, . . . 27 AND 29 YATES ST.
Liberal advances made on consignments. Stocks of merchandise and furniture of dwellings bought for spot cash.

MORTGAGEES' SALE.
Under power of sale contained in an indenture of mortgage, dated 7th of September, 1893, and registered in the Land Registry Office in the City of Victoria, in Charge Book vol. 12, folio 357, No. 15,320B, tenders will be received by the undersigned up to noon of the
18th day of October, 1895
For the purchase of a parcel of land containing 160 acres, more or less, and being Lot 105, according to the official map or plan of the District of Comox, Vancouver Island, B.C.
Terms: Part cash; balance extended to suit purchaser.
The highest or any tender not necessarily accepted.
CESARE J. MARANI,
Agent for the Mortgagees.
Address Box 525, Vancouver, B.C. oct2w

No other Brand has ever attained such an Enormous Sale in so short a time

WEILER BROS., 51 TO 55 FORT STREET,
AGENTS FOR
Crossley's Celebrated Carpets, Liberty Art Fabrics, Etc.
OF THESE GOODS THEY HAVE
A SPLENDID STOCK, . . .
And an inspection WILL CONVINCE YOU.

EVERYBODY LIKES . . RAINIER FLOUR BUY IT FROM
ERSKINE, WALL & CO'Y.

ON EXHIBITION.
We are to-day in receipt of five cases of Tweeds and Worsteds, ex SS. Circassia, direct from Glasgow, Scotland. We have passed them through the customs and are busy opening them up. The selection comprises a number of lines from the celebrated makers, Harris, and Holland and Sherry. We will be pleased to show them to the public, and feel safe in saying that never before have Victorians had the advantage of such selections.
CAMPBELL & CO.,
Corner Broad Street and Trounce Alley, opposite Driard Hotel.

$1.00 PER 1,000 FOR GOOD WHITE $1.25
. . ENVELOPES . .
$1.50 ROBERT JAMIESON, $1.75
BOOKS AND STATIONERY. 91 GOVERNMENT STREET

FIRE ARMS AND AMMUNITION
CHEAP FOR CASH AT
JOHN BARNSLEY & CO.'S,
Repairs by First-class Workmen. GOVERNMENT STREET.

GRATEFUL—COMFORTING.
EPPS'S COCOA
BREAKFAST—SUPPER.
"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected Cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided for our breakfast and supper a delicately flavored beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills. It is by the judicious use of such articles of diet that a constitution may be gradually built up until strong enough to resist every tendency to disease. Hundreds of subtle maladies are floating around us ready to attack wherever there is a weak point. We may escape many a fatal shaft by keeping ourselves well fortified with pure blood and a properly nourished frame."—Civil Service Gazette.
Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold only in half-pound tins, by Grocers, labelled thus:
JAMES EPPS & CO., Ltd., Homœopathic Chemists, London, England. oc14-w

NOTICE.
For sale 1000 cords of dry cordwood at from $2.50 per cord, (according to quality) delivered. Samples can be seen at my yards corner of Discovery and Government streets, or Spratt's wharf. Your order solicited. Steam wood sawing done in any part of the city at current rates, also stove wood for sale cut in lengths to suit. Delivered promptly at current rates. A. C. HOWE. Telephone No. 40. fy4-6m

SOMERSET HOUSE.
MILLINERY OPENING . .
THURSDAY, SEPT. 26 and following days.
MRS. W. BICKFORD,
se24-1m 63 FORT STREET.

MILLINERY OPENING.
MRS. WHITLAW
35 FORT STREET.
The Latest Styles in French Millinery will be shown on
SEPTEMBER 25, 26, 27.
se24

GEO. R. JACKSON'S

American and English Hats Just Arrived

LARGEST ASSORTMENT IN BRITISH COLUMBIA.

GRAND OPENING SATURDAY, OCT. 12.

AUCTION SALES.

Oct. 15—Furniture. H. Cuthbert & Co.
Oct. 18—Furniture, etc. W. T. Hardaker.
Oct. 18—Real estate. H. Cuthbert & Co.
Oct. 19 - Real Estate. G. Byrnes.

The store of Mr. R. B. Esnouf has for a long time been noted for its immense stock of new and second hand furniture, and especially for the fact that you could procure articles there that you could not obtain at any other store in town. This valuable stock is to be sold at auction, commencing at 11 a.m. to-day, and to continue until everything is sold. Every preparation has been made by Mr. Herbert Cuthbert, the auctioneer, to accommodate a large audience and the lots have been so arranged to meet the requirements of every class of buyers.

THE CITY.

THE raffle for the Greener hammerless shotgun and rifle will take place at the King's Head saloon this evening.

THE St. Andrew's and Caledonian Society celebrate Hallowe'en on the 31st instant at their hall, and have prepared an appropriate programme.

MRS. HARRIS, of San Francisco lectured before the Theosophical Society on Sunday on "Re-incarnation." She speaks again to-morrow evening.

THE committee of Colfax Rebekah lodge I O O F. will meet this evening at the library to complete their arrangements for the Hallowe'en ball to be given by the lodge.

A RECEPTION will be given by the congregation of St. James this evening in honor of the new rector Rev. J. H. Sweet and wife. The Bishop of Columbia and Ven. Archdeacon Scriven will be present, and there will be music and refreshments during the evening.

MR. M. J. CONLIN, the city sanitary inspector, has been appointed truant officer by the Board of School Trustees, whose duty it will be to hunt up all absentees and report to the principals. The pupils who have hitherto been in the habit of "playing the wag" had better be careful in future as this vigilant officer will be certain to run them down.

THE Y.M.C.A. managers are desirous of receiving for the purpose of furthering the educational work of the association, a collection of rocks, minerals, ores, and fossils, particularly those of B.C. All friends of the Y.M.C.A. are earnestly requested to interest themselves in this work and not only send to the rooms what they can but invite others to do the same. Specimens may be sent to the general secretary and should be accompanied, if possible, by the name of the localities in which they were found.

THE Centennial church choir is making rapid strides under the able leadership of Mr. R. Spice, late of Vancouver. The members are now practicing for a grand concert to be given early in November, when the public may expect something good. Among the choruses they have in hand are the "Gloria in Excelsis," from Concone's Mass in F; "The Lord is My Shepherd," by Dr. Leslie; "With Sheathed Sword" (Damascus Triumphal March), from Naaman; and also the "Gloria in Excelsis," from the Twelfth Mass by Mozart.

YESTERDAY the funeral of the late John Clarke took place from the residence of his son, Belleville street, services being conducted at the house and grave by Rev. Mr. Bryant, Rev. Mr. Cleaver and Rev. Mr. McCrossan. The pallbearers were: W. Richmond, F. Burton, F. Roche, T. Luscombe, A. Burgess and J. A. McNeil. The deceased had been sick for two weeks, dying at Strawberry Vale of hemorrhage of the brain and a paralytic stroke. He was unconscious for thirty hours. He was fifty-six years of age, was a native of Pentrich, Derbyshire, and had been in this country about ten years.

THE Y.M.C.A. is enjoying a real membership boom. Twenty-two new members were voted in last week, seven new members beside renewals were enrolled yesterday. The night school, which the Association organizes to-night, bids fair to be a very popular attraction. All young men desiring to join should be at the Association rooms tonight at 8 o'clock, when full information will be given and names enrolled. On Tuesday evening, October 22, the Epworth League of the Metropolitan Methodist church will tender a reception to the members of the Y.M.C.A., and to Mr. Hodge, of New York, at the Association rooms. The following evening the Women's Auxiliary of the Y.M.C.A. will give a sea supper.

THE magistrate found a somewhat heavy list of cases when he took his seat in the police court yesterday. Besides a klootchman fined $5 for being drunk and an Indian fined $25 for being in possession of an intoxicant there were some more serious cases. Fung Due, charged with perjury in connection with the small debts case in which he was defendant some time ago, was remanded until the 18th and in the meantime admitted to bail in the sum of $500. Then James Graham who had two charges against him, the first for stealing a pair of boots from Maynard's shoe store and the second for sneak thieving a couple of umbrellas and some other stuff from Freeman's clothing store, was sentenced to two months with hard labor for each offence. George Riley, who stole a blanket and quilt from a companion and sold them for fifty cents, will spend his next month in jail. Chas. Dalberg was found guilty of obtaining money under false pretences from Mr. Rollins of the Western hotel. He told Mr. Rollins that he had been fined $10 in the police court and on the strength of a promise to pay next day borrowed $10 from Mr. Rollins to pay the fine. Money and man both disappeared and Mr. Rollins on investigation found that Dalberg had made up the story about the police court fine. However, there is no mistake this time for Dalberg will serve two months with hard labor for obtaining money under false pretences.

THE Companions of the Forest last evening decided to give a grand ball on New Year's eve.

J. C. MELLOR, of Fort street, has acquired the entire stock of Jos. Sears, which was sold by tender.

THERE will be an illustrated health talk for women at the Y.M.C.A. Hall, Wednesday afternoon at 2:30. These talks are free and all women are invited to attend.

A SEALING boat, containing oars, oarlocks and a large oil coat was found by Fred. Williams in the upper harbor on Sunday. There is no mark of identification.

THE funeral of the infant son of Mr. and Mrs. R. L Ker, of Lampson street, Esquimalt road, took place yesterday afternoon, the Rev. C. Ensor Sharpe conducting the services.

A HARVEST Home service was held in the Metropolitan church on Sunday morning, with special music and a sermon by Rev. Thomas Baldwin, formerly of this city. The church was very prettily decorated for the occasion.

The Quadra returned from a short cruise to Barclay sound on Sunday. On the return a call was made at Muir Creek, where Captain Walbran held an investigation into the seizure of a net which had been illegally used for fishing purposes. The net was brought to Victoria on the Quadra. To-day the steamer goes out to Race rocks.

THE secretary of the B. C. Board of Trade has presented a file of annual reports of that institution to the library of the Legislative Assembly. The file is, however, incomplete, the first and sixth reports (1880 and 1885) being missing, copies of which the secretary was unable to obtain. Any person having copies in his possession would confer a favor by supplying.

THE fourth anniversary social in connection with St. Paul's Presbyterian church, Victoria West, took place last evening in the church, which was crowded by young and old. A capital programme was provided for their entertainment. Rev. D. MacRae, the pastor, occupied the chair, and in the course of a happy speech stated that the congregation was in a flourishing condition, and he hoped that ere long the small debt now on the church building would be wiped off. Speeches were delivered during the evening by Revs. Tait, Clay and Hicks, and selections of music were rendered by the choir and some excellent songs by J. G. Brown, Alex. Moir, Miss Duffy, Miss Fulmore, and Miss Amy Mackenzie. The ladies of the congregation, with their well known liberality, provided refreshments and a pleasant half-hour was spent in social intercourse. After singing the doxology Rev. Mr. MacRae pronounced the benediction.

THE William Head quarantine station yesterday passed very satisfactorily an inspection by Dr. Montizambert, the chief quarantine officer for the Dominion, who since he left Quebec has attended the meetings of the National Health Congress at Denver, and has visited the San Francisco quarantine to ascertain how affairs are managed there. His special interest in the Pacific Coast stations is because of the fact that the outbreaks of cholera in the Orient and at Honolulu render it more necessary than ever to have the quarantine arrangements on this side as effective as possible. Dr. Montizambert came from San Francisco via Puget Sound, and continued his inquiries there, being accompanied over from Port Townsend by Dr. Copp, the United States quarantine officer at that place. Yesterday morning the visitors were met by Dr. McNaughton-Jones and Dr. G. H. Duncan, the quarantine officers at this port, and taken by the Dominion steamer Earl to the station at William Head, Messrs. Earle and Prior, M.P.'s being also of the party. Everything at the station was found as it ought to be, including the disinfecting apparatus, of which a practical test was made.

FATAL ACCIDENT.

Mr. Corrigan, Chief of the Provincial Survey Expedition, Shot Near China Hat.

It is learned by telegraph via Departure Bay, through the officers of the American section of the Alaska boundary survey party, that Mr. Corrigan, of Vancouver, chief of the provincial survey expedition, had accidentally shot himself with his own gun near China Hat, B.C., on October 8, and that the poor fellow died on the following day.

A dispatch from Vancouver announces that much sympathy is manifested for the widow and children of Mr. Corrigan, who has been a resident of Vancouver since 1890. It is understood the Free Masons will take charge of the funeral arrangements.

After having looked everywhere else for what you want, and not feeling satisfied, turn in at Weller Bros. and you will see an immense stock of everything in the "House Furnishing Line." x

The U. S. Gov't Reports show Royal Baking Powder superior to all others.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

Yellow Oil used internally relieves and cures croup, sore throat, asthma, bronchitis, and similar complaints. Used externally it cures rheumatism, lumbago, sprains, bruises, galls, chilblains, frost bites, cuts, wounds, insect bites, lame back, neuralgia, etc.

Gardening tools at Cheapside.

ENNUI comes to all of us once in a while. That induced by liver irregularities is quickly removed by

STANDARD TONIC BITTERS.

FOR SALE BY

BOWES, THE DRUGGIST,

No. 100 GOVERNMENT STREET, SIGN OF THE OWL AND MORTAR.

SHIPS AND SHIPPING.

A Big Fleet of Sealing Schooners Arrives—The "Dora Sieward's" Prominent Passenger.

Oriental Liners Depart Heavily Laden —H. M. S. "Hyacinth's" Relief— The "Van Galen's Manifest.

Sealing schooners monopolized nearly the whole water front yesterday, and wherever a vessel lay there was a group big and small of idlers. The great iron doors of many of the warehouses along the wharves were opened and through them thousands of skins passed. With only two exceptions every vessel of the big fleet, which has arrived since Saturday night, has already discharged its cargo of furs, and in connection with this the wharves presented a very lively appearance yesterday. The fleet which returned and their respective catches are as follows: Henrietta, Capt. W. D. McDougall, with 201; Dora Sieward, Capt H. F. Sieward, 2,084; Victoria, Capt. B. Balcom, 1,167; Labrador, Capt. J. S. Searle, with 259; Otto, Capt. J. McLeod, with 837; Penelope, Capt. Wm. Heater, with 770; Sapphire, Capt. W. Cox, 1,783; Ainoka, Capt. Geo. Heater, with 1,000; Florence Smith, Capt. L. McGrath, with 1,168; and Annie Moore, Capt. Chas. Hackett, with 1,540. Of the fleet the Sapphire has probably done the best, her catch for the entire season amounting to over 2,000. The Victoria's catch is 1,407. Dora Sieward, in addition to her skins, had four large ten gallon tanks containing alcohol in which were the contents of seal stomachs, etc.

These represent a collection secured by A. B. Alexander, a naturalist on board the U. S. Fish Commission steamer Albatross, who joined the Dora Sieward at Ounalaska on the 28th of last July. These tanks will be forwarded to Washington this morning. Mr. Alexander was very handsomely treated by the Canadian sealers, whose mode of operation there was no attempt to disguise.

MANIFEST OF SHIP "VAN GALEN."

The salmon manifest of the ship Van Galen, which towed to sea from the Fraser river on Saturday, is as follows:

SHIPPED BY ROBT. WARD & CO., LTD.

Marks.	Cases.	Valuation.
"M & S—G	500	$ 3,000
"T S—L"	3,000	18,000
H (2 lots)	2,070	11,780
White Rose	999	4,995
"H"	2,500	13,750
"E"	920	5,060
"S" (3 lots)	7,508	51,744
P	3,000	16,500
B	3,000	16,500
S F	2,090	7,500
S	1,000	5,590
SHIPPED BY J. H. TODD & SON.		
"T—x"	401	2,205
"T" (2 lots)	1,414	7,777
"E—s"	300	1,650
"P"	4,000	22,000
SHIPPED BY AT B. C. PACKING CO.		
"A B C—B F—R B C half ovals, Liverpool"	500	.....
A B C—B A—S R half Tails, Liverpool	500	.....
SHIPPED BY B. C. CANNING CO.		
T D B	1,000	.....
SHIPPED BY FT B. S. C. AND CO.		
Federation Brand Salmon Co.	23,941	159,715

In addition to the salmon cargo the ship carried miscellaneous freight to the value of $630. As already stated, the Van Galen loaded for Liverpool, Eng., on account of Robert Ward & Co., Ltd.

THE "HYACINTH'S RELIEF.

On the 1st inst. H.M.S. Comus, a sister ship to the Champion, was commissioned at Sheerness to relieve the Hyacinth. The officers appointed to her are as follows: Captain Henry Hart Dyke: lieutenants, J. S. Luard, C. Maclachlan, A. L. Watt-Jones, Gerald T. F. Pike, Cecil D. F. Raikes; sub-lieutenant, Wm. Speke; paymaster, Fred W. Mortimore; assistant paymaster, A. J. Dyer; surgeon, E. Corcoran; chief engineer, James Lane; assistant engineer, P. W. P. Bluett; carpenter, John N. Matheson; gunner, George R. Cooper; boatswain, George Robinson; midshipmen, Arthur C. Fellows, R R. C. Backhouse, John W. Carrington, Harry L. Boyle, M. B. Baillie, Hamilton J. C. M. McHardy, and Hugh Seymour, all to date October 1.

SAILS FOR THE ORIENT.

The R.M.S. Empress of India, Captain Henry Pybus, R.N.R., commanding, left for Japan and China last evening with cabin accommodation at a premium and a full freight beside. There were upwards of a hundred first-class passengers, besides three hundred or more in the steerage, fifty of the latter being received here. Of the saloon passengers, Rev. Dr. and Mrs. Mackay and family, en route to Formosa; Rev. F. P. Gilman and family of New York, bound for Japan; Mr. A. L. Pacaud of Chicago, who is going to Japan; Mr. Oakley, and Mr. Emerson, formerly proprietor of the Manor House, Vancouver, took passage here. Among their touring companions were Count Mita, a nephew of the Mikado, who is on his way back to Japan; Mr. Eugene Higgins, a son of the fifty times millionaire of that name, who is himself one of the best known young men in New York; Mr. S. Haywood, formerly of Chicago, who is on his way to Calcutta, there to assume charge of the important Indian interests of the C.P.R.; Mr. W. G. Hockridge, the Oriental buyer of Arnold, Constable & Co.; and a large number of others equally well known in the social or the business world. This is Captain Pybus' first trip in command, he having been promoted during Captain Marshall's nine month's holiday in England.

THE "STRATHNEVIS" DEPARTS.

There was considerable excitement on board the Northern Pacific steamship Strathnevis at the outer wharf on Sunday. Some little time before the ship sailed at 3 p.m. trouble arose between the Japanese and Chinese passengers, but nothing serious resulted. It was caused through the Japs becoming zealous of the advantage the Chinamen had over them in securing the best berths. There were thirty-one of the former and fifteen of the latter, and a free fight would, it is said, have ensued but for the intervention of some white people. A number of the Japs had weapons on them, but these were taken away and will be in charge of the officers of the ship until she reaches her destination. The Strathnevis had a heavy freight when leaving here.

MARINE NOTES.

The C. P. N. steamer Rainbow, which came in from Comox with coal on Sunday, leaves to-day with freight and passengers for Alberni and other West Coast points.

Robert Ward & Co. shipped eight casks of seal skins to London, England, this morning, being the catch of the American schooner Ida Etta.

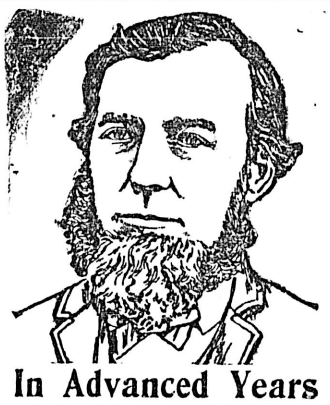
Tug Hope arrived in yesterday after about a week's engagement towing logs down to Whatcom from the Sound.

ENTERED.

Str. Charmer	from	Vancouver.
" City of Kingston	"	Port Townsend.
" Rosalie	"	" "
" Sehome	"	" "
" Yosemite	"	N. Westminster.
" Evangel	"	Port Angeles.
" Strathnevis	"	Tacoma.
" Empress of India	"	Vancouver.
" Rainbow	"	Comox.
" Hope	"	Nanaimo.
Schr. Henrietta	"	Behring Sea.
" Dora Sieward	"	" "
" Sapphire	"	" "
" Ainoka	"	" "
" Victoria	"	" "
" Otto	"	" "
" Penelope	"	" "
" Annie C. Moore	"	" "
" Labrador	"	" "
" Florence M. Smith	"	" "
" Walter L Rich	"	" "
" Mountain Chief	"	San Juan.
Yacht Aggie	"	Seattle.
Sloop Ada	"	Vesuvius.

CLEARED.

Str. Charmer	for	Vancouver.
" City of Kingston	"	Port Townsend.
" Rosalie	"	" "
" Sehome	"	" "
" Yosemite	"	N. Westminster.
" Evangel	"	Port Angeles.
" Lottie	"	Nanaimo.
" Joan	"	"
" Empress of India	"	Yokohama.
" Strathnevis	"	"



In Advanced Years

The strength and pure blood necessary to resist the effects of cold seasons are given by Hood's Sarsaparilla.

"I have for the last 25 years of my life been complaining of a weakness of the lungs and colds in the head, especially in the winter. Last fall I was again attacked. Reading of Hood's Sarsaparilla I was led to try it. I am now taking the fifth bottle with good results. I can positively say that I have not spent a winter as free from coughs or pains and difficult breathing spells for the last 25 years as was last winter. I can lie down and sleep all night without any annoyance from cough or pain in the lungs or asthmatic difficulty." E. M. CHAMBERS, J. P., Cornhill, N. B.

Hood's Sarsaparilla Is the Only True Blood Purifier

Prominently in the public eye today.

Hood's Pills cure habitual constipation. Price 25c. per box.

VIOLINS! VIOLINS! VIOLINS!

MARKED DOWN TO THE LOWEST NOTCH

FOR THIS WEEK ONLY

M. W. WAITT & CO.

64 GOVERNMENT STREET.

A Handsome Pair

of Cloisanne Vases are for sale at Challoner & Mitchell's at a sacrifice price. They are of large size and beautiful pattern, and would prove a most attractive ornament in a drawing-room. See them.

THE WESTSIDE.

DAME FASHION guides the Autumn Dress, Mantle and Waterproof procession with our New Season Goods, received THIS DAY, direct from the manufacturers. . . . WE ARE AT THE HEAD in the above lines. To get there has been no small undertaking. To stay there is much harder. Our task is difficult, but we are not afraid of it. We purpose to win your approval, and we will bend every energy to do so. . . . . .

RECEIVED TO-DAY: CAPES, JACKETS, WRAPS, GOLFERS, WATERPROOFS, TWEEDS, DRESS GOODS.

You should see these goods. The assortment is bewildering. We have had the manufacturers of our Ulsters, Wraps, Coats, etc., to proof the Tweeds against rain and are advised that ours is the only firm in the Dominion to insist on having this carried out. Inspection requested. Prices right. . . .

J. HUTCHESON & CO. Oct. 12, 1895.

WE HAVEN'T GOT TIME

To tell you all about the different styles of Men's and Boys' handsome SUITS and OVERCOATS for Fall and Winter wear now on exhibition in our big salesroom. . . . .

WE HAVEN'T GOT SPACE

To describe all the new lines of goods fresh from the workshop now being displayed in our Hat and Furnishing department's. But

WHAT WE HAVE GOT

Is just this much to say: When you are ready to make your Fall and Winter purchases, we can show you the largest thoroughly reliable assortment of these goods, at the lowest prices in Victoria. It will be money in your pocket to visit us before purchasing. .

CAMERON { The Clothier, 55 Johnson Street.

SPECIAL—We offer on Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday, Men's good Elastic Suspenders, 10c. per pair.

WM. STEWART, Merchant Tailor

36 FORT STREET.

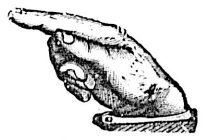
LADIES' TAILOR-MADE COSTUMES

In all the latest styles. Plates of Fashion received this week from the leading designers of Paris, London and New York. LADIES, if you want graceful and stylish fitting garments give us a call.

se25-1m

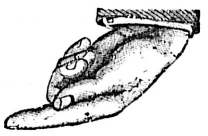
WM. STEWART { MERCHANT TAILOR 36 FORT STREET.

Go to Cheapside For Heating Stoves.



MAUDE—We must have a Heating Stove this Winter, dear.

CHARLIE—Well, go down to Cheapside and get one. They have a big variety and their prices are always right.



GEO. POWELL & CO.

CHEAPSIDE, 127 GOVERNMENT STREET.

AT THE WHITE HOUSE.

Ladies' Combination Suits, Best Saxony Wool.
Children's Combinations. . . .
Ladies' Saxony Wool Vests. . . .
Boys' and Girls' Vests, Infants' Wool Vests. .

AND THE PRICES ARE LOW.

H. YOUNG & CO.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder

Awarded Gold Medal Midwinter Fair, San Francisco.

FAR FORMOSA.

Japanese Consul Nosse Reviews and Criticizes the Statements of Rev. Mr. Mackay.

Reply of the Returning Missionary—He Hails Japanese Rule With Satisfaction.

In connection with the interview with Rev. Mr. Mackay, which appeared in the COLONIST a few days ago, Mr. Nosse, the Japanese consul for Canada, has made the following remarks:

According to clauses 2 and 3, of article 2, of the Shimonoseki treaty, the island of Formosa and a group of the Pescadore islands were to be formally ceded to Japan by China within two months after the ratification of the treaty of May 8, both governments agreeing to dispatch special commissioners to the island to arrange the cession of the islands, China promising to withdraw all her soldiers, including those under Lieu, chief of the Black Flags, from the island before such cession takes place. But through the instigation of Chang-Chih-Tung, the viceroy of Nankin, the leader of the anti-foreign party and strong supporter of anti-missionary leagues, Tong-Kin-Sin, the Chinese governor of Formosa, established a republican government on the island, under the protection of the Chinese government, and placed himself under the control of the Viceroy, Chan. and Liu was appointed to the commandership-in-chief of all the forces, at the same time retaining his rank of Chinese major general, which was given to him some ten years ago.

This burlesque play on the part of Chang-Chih-Tung entirely upset the arrangement of both the Japanese and Chinese commissioners, whose idea was that the island should have been ceded peacefully as will be seen from the China Gazette. A number of Chinese officers were implicated in the Formosan intrigues. However the Japanese government with the belief of taking the island without any bloodshed appointed Admiral Count Kabayama as "civil" governor of Formosa, who arrived at Tamsui, the northwest part of the island, on the 28th of May, but to his great disappointment found the islanders, both residents and Hakkas, in arms against the Japanese. Not only were the Chinese soldiers not withdrawn as agreed upon by the Chinese government, but they were also increased from the mainland—Canton and Fukin—being well supplied with arms and ammunition. The state of affairs on the island was so alarming and dangerous that Li, the Chinese commissioner, did not dare to land on the island and Governor Kabayama was obliged to negotiate upon the cession with Li on board of a Japanese transport, the latter having declined to land for fear of being butchered by the Chinese soldiers. Although the formal cession was concluded, it was only nominal, the Chinese officers and soldiers stationed on the island having refused to surrender the island to the Japanese. Governor Kabayama, with the intention of establishing the civil government as soon as he landed on the island, was not accompanied with a large force of troops, but only took with him one brigade of infantry, mainly for the purpose of garrisoning the island. Governor Kabayama met Li, the Chinese commissioner, on the 2nd of June, and the formal cession was effected on the 3rd.

On the 3rd of June the Japanese Governor issued a notification that the island had been formally ceded to Japan and that the people on the island, being considered equal to Japanese, the former would receive just and kind treatment by the new ruler of the island. He caused the notices to be posted up "here and there"; thus things should have been settled without any bloodshed if the Chinese officials had remained quiet; if the Chief of the Black Flags had left the island quietly; if they had not been instigated by the Chinese viceroys; but, on the contrary, the Japanese advance guard, near Keelung, was first attacked by the Chinese soldiers on May 30. That the Governor Kabayama, however, did his best by trying to treat the natives as leniently as possible, could be proved by the following notice, issued at Keelung on May 29:

"The proclamation is hereby issued to the natives of the Island of Formosa, that the Island of Formosa and all the adjacent islands having been ceded to Japan by China, according to the treaty stipulations between the Emperors of Japan and China, that the islands will thus belong perpetually to the Emperor of Japan. The Governor upon his arrival on the island dispatched his civil officers to Tamsui for the purpose of administering their civil duties. There they were most expectedly attacked by the Chinese soldiers stationed there. Knowing that you natives of the island are not implicated in the above affairs, would all be treated with justice and clemency, and the properties belonging to the natives will not be interfered with, and all the properties confiscated by the Chinese government will be restored to their proper owners. The natives will be allowed to enjoy their right and liberty over their persons and properties, excepting that all the castles, fortresses, arms and ammunition should be taken possession of by the Japanese government. You, the natives, shall follow your original professions or trades and are warned not to be implicated in the troubles.

"By order,
(Signed) "JUN MIDZUNO,
"Director General of the Civil Administration Board."

These and other facts may well prove that the Japanese never expected any opposition from the islanders and that the former tried from the very beginning to treat the natives with all possible leniency and justice. That idea, however, met with entire failure, simply through the instigation of the Chinese viceroys; the chief promoter being Chang Chih Tung, leader of anti-foreigners. This is the reason who the Japanese appeared at first very inactive in their movement after landing on the island, and of course they met a series of reverses until the Japanese government took a different course as to the subjugation of the island.

I do not know how Rev. Mr. Mackay has got his report about the island when he was himself absent over two years, but certain papers tell a very amusing story about the foreign missionaries who tried to "run away" from the island. They may probably be the same gentlemen who supplied Rev. Mr. Mackay with the report as to the island.

As Rev. Mr. Mackay was to leave for Japan yesterday, and it would otherwise have been impossible for him to say anything in explanation or reply, the subject of Mr Nosse's statement was communicated to him, this being his statement:

TO THE EDITOR:—Regarding the Japanese consul's reference to the statements I made to your reporter, I make the following remarks:

1. I have no desire to speak "disparagingly" of either the Chinese or Japanese people.

2. It is true I have not been in Formosa for two years, and could not speak from observation, and really preferred not being interviewed.

3. Foreign missionaries who tried to "run away" from the island had no communication with me.

4. Natives wrote me at different times; but their letters were not at hand when your reporter presented himself and I have not a copy of the COLONIST with the interview in it even now.

5. I can understand how many natives looked at the matter even from the Consul's own statements. He says: "The Japanese never expected any opposition from the islanders," etc. Now I gathered from letters sent to me that the Japanese acted as if fearing no opposition. Then interested anti-foreign Chinese circulated false and bad reports about the Japanese which the latter seemed to treat with indifference, the result being that the people rose up in opposition. The Japanese then retaliated.

Now, there are those who think that if the Japanese had taken immediate notice of bad reports and prepared for opposition their enemies could not have gained such vantage ground, and the Japanese would have been more quickly masters of the situation. However, I shall soon be there and will be able to know more about the whole affair. I assure you, sir, it is truth I am after and nothing else, and, whatever was said, I did not wish in the slightest degree to reflect on the Japanese as conquerors and now rulers of the island. Indeed, I hail them as masters, believing that the old Chinese mandarin corruption will be unknown in beloved Formosa under Japanese rule.

G. L. MACKAY.

Victoria, Oct 14

WOMAN AND HER DISEASES.

Paine's Celery Compound Peculiarly Adapted to Regulate the System and Give Her Strength.

A Paragraph of Truth From a Medical Journal.

The following paragraph from a medical journal published on this continent, demands our serious attention. It reads thus:—"It is safe to say that more than one-half the revenue of the physicians of the world is derived from the treatment of females. Not once is the diagnosis correct; not once in fifty is the treatment successful to the patient."

Why is it that the editor makes such a statement in his editorial in regard to the sufferings of women? Because the spirit of the times affects them as much as it does the men—more, for their nervous systems are more delicate and sensitive. There is a cause for every evil, and in the schoolroom we can usually find the starting point of these headaches, backaches, and womanly ills which are growing so alarmingly common. When the great change from childhood to womanhood is in progress, the girl is crowded, pushed, overworked, to keep up with her studies. Add to this the severe anxiety and worry which attend examinations, and when the school life is over her health is seriously deranged.

After school days what comes? Are not the duties of women as wearing as those of men? Even more. Social, household, often business cares, must be assumed, which all lend a hand in bringing those delicate nerves into an irritated, weakened, unstrung condition. Is it to be wondered at that the sensitive organs, covered by a network of nerves, are deranged, and that life becomes one long, dreary road of suffering, without an escape or turn.

Paine's Celery Compound, that great medical discovery, should be used. Soon your nerves will be strong and vigorous, and the nutrition, digestion and specially womanly functions will be natural and regular. Rosy cheeks, sparkling eyes, a beautiful figure, all the freshness and beauty of youth will follow the health-giving influence of Paine's Celery Compound. When you are nervous, weak, tired, cannot sleep, have headaches, or any of the nameless ills which so many women suffer in silence, use Paine's Celery Compound and it will restore to you the greatest blessing of life—health.

Carpenters' tools at Cheapside.

THE PICTURE

OF HEALTH

Is obtained by the use of

ADAMS'

Tutti Frutti

See that "Tutti Frutti" is on each wrapper.
Refuse imitations.

The New Official Map Of British Columbia

Issued by the Government, size 4x4½ feet; Price $1. Also "The Kootenay Mines," a sketch of their Progress and Condition, to-day, edited by Chas. St. Barbe. Price 25 cents.

T. N. HIBBEN & Co.

REPORT OF THE ACADÉMIE DE MÉDECINE OF FRANCE

Apollinaris

"THE QUEEN OF TABLE WATERS."

THE RESULTS OF THE RECENT INVESTIGATIONS IN PARIS AND THE REPORT OF THE ACADÉMIE DE MÉDECINE OF FRANCE HAVE PLACED APOLLINARIS WATER AT THE HEAD *OF* ALL *THE WATERS EXAMINED FOR* PURITY *AND* FREEDOM *FROM DISEASE GERMS.*

Of all STORES, and at the LEADING HOTELS and RESTAURANTS.

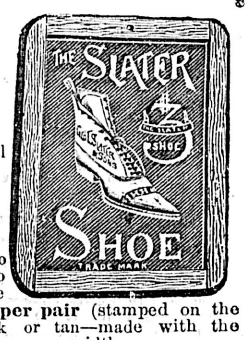
A Silent Helper

An ill-fitting shoe makes you forget all your troubles---and your comforts too.

The Slater Shoe

is a silent friend, which helps you to remember things by permitting you to forget your feet. Costs less than the painy ones--$3.00, $4.00, $5.00 per pair (stamped on the sole). Best imported calfskin—black or tan—made with the Goodyear Welt. Six shapes—all sizes—many widths.

. . . Ask to see THE SLATER SHOE.



FOR SALE BY ALL LEADING DEALERS.

ADVERTISING AGENCY

L. P. FISHER, Newspaper Advertising Agent, 21 Merchants' Exchange, San Francisco, is our authorized Agent. This paper is kept on file in his office. 168

ARCHITECTS.

JOHN TEAGUE, ARCHITECT, CORNER of Broad street and Trounce avenue. Established 1867.

BAKERS.

M. R. SMITH & CO.
Manufacturers of all kinds of Plain and Fancy Biscuits and Cakes, VICTORIA, B. C. fel

DRESSMAKING.

DRESS AND MANTLE MAKING.
MRS. MARSHALL
has removed to No. 132 Vancouver street where all who require dress and mantle making can have their garments made in the most fashionable style, and perfectly fitted. dec1-tf

ENGINEERS.

KEEFER & SMITH,
CIVIL AND HYDRAULIC ENGINEERS.
Rooms 44 and 45 Five Sisters Block, Government street, Victoria, B.C.
G. A. KEEFER, M.I.C.E. H. B. SMITH, M.I.C.E.

MUSICAL.

BERTRAM HALL,
NORTH PEMBROKE STREET.
A social dance is given every Saturday evening; gents 25c; ladies free; music by Reynard's orchestra; class nights every Tuesday.
This Hall is to rent for public or private dances, socials or par ies; dining-room and complete set of dishes included. For particulars apply to WM. EMERY, on the premises.
se25-1m

PIANOFORTE TUNING.

MR. A. F. OWEN,
Pianoforte Tuner, from J. & J. Hopkinson's, the well-known manufacturer of pianofortes, London, England; 12 years' experience. Particulars as to my ability may be had from the above firm; 3½ years with Goodwin & Co., Victoria. Orders left at Hibben's Bookstore. fe5

PHYSICIAN.

DR. H. J. FLEISCHER, (deutscher arzt)—Specialty: Surgery and genito-urinary diseases. Office, Gottstein Block, Seattle, Wash. Office hours, 12 to 4 p.m.; Sundays, 12 to 1 p.m. se22-3m

PHOTOGRAPHERS.

MAYNARD'S ART STUDIO, 41 Pandora street. Dealers in all kinds of photographic material, views of British Columbia and Alaska.
Same Block—Maynard's Shoe and Finding Store, 41 Pandora street. Boots, Shoes, Leather and Shoe Findings. "K" boots a specialty. fe1

SCAVENGERS.

ED. LINES, General Scavenger, 236 Yates street. Yards, etc., cleaned. Orders left at Geo. Munroe, 89 Government street; Speed Bros., cor. Douglas and Fort; or Blair & Gordon, cor. Menzies and Michigan, will be promptly attended to. de8

PAINTERS AND PAPER HANGERS.

R. LETTICE—Dealer in Paints, Oils, varnish and window glass. Agent for Brilliant Sign Letter Co., and Aspenall's Enamel, 40 Fort street. mo17

ASSESSMENT SYSTEM.

Massachusetts Benefit Life Association,
Head Office, Boston, Mass.
$200,000 deposited with the State Treasurer.
$100,000 " " Dominion Gov't.
50,000 members, $115,000,000 insurance in force.
$1,200,000 reserve or cash surplus.
$10,963,598 80 paid in death losses.
Issues policies from $1,000 to $20,000.
Natural premium companies are the safe and true life insurance companies.
This company is the best representative of this system: Issuing 10, 15 and 20 year advance payment policies, the latest yet, just issued this year. Persons anticipating insurance will do well to see our contract before insuring. We lead and others follow. Agents wanted. Liberal contracts will be given to good men. Apply to G. G. BIGGER, Gen. Agt. for B.C.,
212 Westminster Ave., Vancouver, B.C.
oc5-1m

WANTED—HELP.

RELIABLE MEN in every locality (local or travelling) to introduce a new discovery and keep our show cards tacked up on trees, fences and bridges throughout town and country. Steady employment. Commission or salary $65 00 per month and expenses, and money deposited in any bank when started. For particulars write
THE WORLD MEDICAL ELECTRIC CO.,
oc2-3m London, Ont., Canada.

Provincial Royal Jubilee Hospital.
(INCORPORATED 1890.)
TENDERS FOR WASHING.
Sealed Tenders will be received for Laundry Work for the above institution from 1st November, 1895, to 30th June 1896. Tenders to be sent in to the undersigned on or before the 26th October, 1895.
The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.
H. M. YATES,
Secretary,
Bastion St.
oc10-td

USE TELEPHONE 44

HYDROX AND DISTILLED ICE.

my15 B.C. Cold Storage & Ice Co.,

NOTICE.

Official Map of British Columbia.

COPIES of the new official map of British Columbia, 1895, issued under authority of the Hon. the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works, can be obtained at the office of the undersigned by booksellers, stationers and others who may desire to place them for sale in their establishments, upon payment at the rate of $6 per dozen.

W. S. GORE,
Deputy Commissioner of Lands & Works.
Lands and Works Department,
Victoria, B. C., 8th October, 1895. oc11-6t

"FIRE INSURANCE POLICY ACT, 1893,' AS AMENDED BY THE FIRE INSURANCE POLICY AMENDMENT ACT, 1895."

NOTICE is hereby given that His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor in Council has further postponed the commencement of "An Act to secure Uniform Conditions in Policies of Fire Insurance" from the 1st day of October, 1895, to the 1st day of April, 1896.

JAMES BAKER,
Provincial Secretary.
Provincial Secretary's Office,
26th September, 1895. se28-1m

TABLE

Showing the Dates and Places of Courts of Assize, Nisi Prius, Oyer and Terminer, and General Gaol Delivery for the Year, 1895.

FALL ASSIZES.

Clinton	Thursday	26th September
Richfield	Monday	30th September
Kamloops	Monday	7th October
Vernon	Monday	14th October
Lytton	Friday	11th October
New Westminster	Wednesday	6th November
Vancouver	Monday	11th November
Victoria	Tuesday	19th November
Nanaimo	Tuesday	26th November

au23-d&w-td

PUBLIC NOTICE:
The undersigned will make loans from $1 to $1,000 on any approved security.
VICTORIA LOAN OFFICE,
133 Government Street.
Private entrance on Pandora Street. oc18

NOTICES.

Public Notice.

Notice is hereby given pursuant to the provisions of Section 35 of the "Municipal Act Amendment Act, 1894," that the Municipal Council of the City of Victoria, has by resolution, in each case of Nos. 1 and 2, hereunder (which resolutions were passed at a meeting of the said Council held on the 9th day of September instant), declared that:

1. A certain wooden building situate on the south west corner of Lot 2, Block 12, corner of View and Douglas streets:

2. That certain cabins, buildings and structures appurtant thereto, situate on the eastern portion of Lot 160, Block 2, fronting on the alley-way between Government street and Broad street, running north and south, and connecting with Johnson street:

All of which being within the municipal limits of the City of Victoria, are in each case, and respectively, a nuisance and dangerous to public health, and it was thereby ordered, that the same shall be pulled down and removed by the respective owners, agent, lessees or occupiers thereof, and in case of default by any of the said owners, agents, lessees or occupiers, within a period of five days after publication of this notice in the DAILY COLONIST, a daily newspaper published in such municipality, to comply with this order it was thereby ordered that such pulling down and removal of the said cabins, buildings and structures shall be done by the Sanitary Officer of the said Corporation of the City of Victoria, at the cost of the owners of such cabins, buildings and structures as above mentioned respectively, and that the payment of such cost and all expenses incidental thereto, shall be inforced against the owner there of by the said Sanitary Officer in an action of law in any court of competent jurisdiction.

By order.
WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
C. M. C.
City Clerk's Office,
10th September, 1895. se11

NOTICE.

Cormorant St, between Blanchard and Amelia Sts., and Farquhar St., between Blanchard and Quadra Sts., is closed to Public Traffic.

E. A. WILMOT,
se10 City Engineer.

NOTICE.

Belleville St., between McClure St and Birdcage Walk, is closed to Public Traffic.

E. A. WILMOT,
aug 3 City Engineer.

NOTICE

Menzies Street, between Superior Street and Simcoe, is closed to Public Traffic.

E. A. WILMOT,
se27-tf City Engineer.

NOTICE.

Pioneer Street, between Blanchard Street and Quadra Street, is closed to public traffic.

E. A. WILMOT,
se22 City Engineer.

$10.00 REWARD.

The above mentioned reward is hereby offered for such information as will lead to the arrest and conviction of any person or persons setting fire to any grass or causing any grass fire within the corporate limits of the City of Victoria.

By Order.
WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
C. M. C.
Victoria, July 17, 1895. jy18

THE VICTORIA MINERAL CLAIM.

Situated on Mineral Creek, Alberni.

Take notice that I, Elizabeth Jane Saunders, Free Miner's Certificate No. 58,384, intend sixty days from the date hereof, to apply to the Government of British Columbia, to purchase the Victoria Mineral Claim, situated on Mineral Creek, in the Alberni Mineral Division of Alberni District.

And further take notice that adverse claims must be sent to the Gold Commissioner and action commenced before the expiration of this notice.

Dated August 16th, 1895. au17 2m

THE WARSPITE MINERAL CLAIM.

Situated on Mineral Creek, Alberni.

Take notice that I, Catherine Greenwood, Free Miner's Certificate No. 59,237, intend sixty days from the date hereof, to apply to the Government of British Columbia to purchase the Warspite Mineral Claim, situated on Mineral Creek, in the Alberni Mineral Division of Alberni District.

And further take notice that adverse claims must be sent to the Gold Commissioner and action commenced before expiration of this notice.

Dated August 16th au17-2m

Victoria Lumber and Manufacturing Company, Limited.

Notice is hereby given that at a meeting of the board of directors of said company, held on the sixteenth day of September, 1895, an assessment of five ($5.00) dollars per share was levied upon the capital stock of said company, payable to D. C. Fulton, treasurer, at Hudson, Wis., U.S.A., on October 19th, 1895. Any stock upon which said assessment shall remain unpaid on the 30th day of October, 1895, shall be deemed delinquent, and will be duly advertised for sale at public auction, and unless payment shall be made on or before the date last mentioned, will be sold under the direction of the directors and in accordance with the by-laws of the company to pay the delinquent assessments, together with the cost of advertising and expenses of the sale.

WM. H. PHIPPS,
Secretary.
Victoria, B.C., Sept. 25, 1895. se24-20t

GEO. A. SARGISON
NOTARY PUBLIC,
Accountant & Agent,
48 LANGLEY ST.

TRANSPORTATION.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RY.
—AND—
SOO PACIFIC ROUTE.
THE MOST DIRECT ROUTE
TO St. Paul. . . Omaha . . . Kansas City Chicago. . .
RUNNING THROUGH DAILY SLEEPERS
without change, to all points East and Southeast.
THROUGH TICKETS To and from all points in Europe and America.
For rates and full particulars apply to
GEO. McL. BROWN, Dist. Pass. Agent, Vancouver.
GEO. L. COURTNEY, Agent, Victoria.

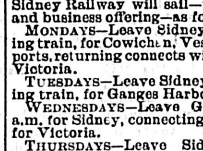
General Steamship Agency.
THROUGH TICKETS
To and From all European points.

FROM MONTREAL.		
Allan Line	Sardinian	Oct 26
"	Laurentian	Nov 2
Beaver Line	Lake Huron	Oct 30
"	Lake Superior	Nov 6
Dominion Line	Mariposa	Oct 26
"	Labrador	Nov 2
FROM NEW YORK.		
Cunard Line	Campania	Oct 26
"	Umbria	Nov 2
American Line	Paris	Oct 30
"	St. Louis	Nov 6
White Star Line	Teutonic	Oct 30
"	Britannic	Nov 6
Red Star Line	Westernland	Oct 30
"	Noordland	Nov 6
North Ger. Lloyd	Trave	Nov 2
"	Lahn	Nov 5
Anchor Line	Furnessia	Oct 26
"	Circassia	Nov 2
Allan State Line	California	Oct 26
"	Nebraska	Nov 9

For rates, berths, tickets and all information apply to
GEO. L. COURTNEY,
General S.S. Agent,
C.P.R. Ticket Office.
Cor. Fort and Government Sts., Victoria, B.C.

VICTORIA & SIDNEY R'Y

Trains will run between Victoria and Sidney daily as follows:
Leave Victoria at.... 7:00 a.m., 4:00 p.m.
Leave Sidney at.... 8:15 a.m., 5:15 p.m.
SATURDAYS AND SUNDAYS.
Leave Victoria at.... 7:00 a.m., 2:00 p.m.
Leave Sidney at.... 8:15 a.m., 5:15 p.m.
T. W. PATERSON.
oc5-1m Manager



Steamer Mary Hare

Running in connection with the Victoria & Sidney Railway will sail—weather permitting and business offering—as follows:
MONDAYS—Leave Sidney on arrival of morning train, for Cowichan, Vesuvius, Bay and way ports, returning connects with evening train for Victoria.
TUESDAYS—Leave Sidney on arrival of morning train, for Ganges Harbor and way ports.
WEDNESDAYS—Leave Ganges Harbor at 6 a.m. for Sidney, connecting with morning train for Victoria.
THURSDAYS—Leave Sidney on arrival of morning train, for Ganges Harbor, Nanaimo and way ports.
FRIDAYS—Leave Nanaimo at 7 a.m. for Sidney and way ports, connecting with evening train for Victoria oc11

Esquimalt & Nanaimo R'y.

TIME TABLE No. 24,

To take effect at 8.00 a.m. on Friday, April 5th 1895, Trains run on Pacific Standard Time.

SOUTH BOUND—READ UP	No. 1 Pass. Daily.	No. 3 Pass. Sat. & Sun.	STATIONS.	NORTH BOUND—READ DOWN	No. 2 Pass. Daily	No. 4 Pass. Sat. & Sun.
	Ar. 12.20 pm	Ar. 8.30 pm	Victoria		De. 8.00 am	De. 4.50 pm
	" 12.16	" 8.25	Gossell's		" 8.04	" 4.55
	" 12.06	" 8.18	Esquimalt		" 8.14	" 5.03
	" 12.03	" 8.15	Stewart's		" 8.17	" 5.06
	" 12.00	" 8.12	Parson's Bridge		" 8.20	" 5.09
	" 11.53	" 8.06	Langford		" 8.27	" 5.16
	" 11.43	" 7.57	Goldstream		" 8.37	" 5.24
	" 11.15	" 30	Summit Siding		" 9.05	" 5.52
	" 10.50	" 10	Shawnigan Lake		" 9.30	" 6.14
	" 10.40	" 02	Cobble Hill		" 9.40	" 6.22
	" 10.25	" 6.43	McPherson's		" 9.55	" 6.31
	" 10.15	" 6.42	Koksilah		" 10.05	" 6.38
	" 10.11	" 35	Duncan's		" 10.16	" 6.48
	" 10.00	" 6.25	Somenos		" 10.29	" 6.49
	" 9.53	" 6.15	Westholme		" 10.37	" 6.58
	" 9.38	" 6.15	Chemainus		" 10.42	" 7.08
	" 9.20	" 5.57	Oyster Bay		" 11.00	" 7.26
	" 9.11	" 5.48	Oyster Bay Siding		" 11.09	" 7.35
	" 8.40	" 5.15	Nanaimo		" 11.40	" 8.08
	De. 8.20 am	De. 5.00 pm	Wellington		Ar. 12.00 nn	Ar. 8.25

On Saturdays and Sundays

Cheap excursion tickets will be issued to and from all points, good to return not later than Sunday.

Return Tickets for one and a half ordinary fare may be purchased daily to all points, good for fifteen days including day of issue.

Through rates between Victoria & Comox.

Mileage and Commutation Tickets can be obtained on application to the Ticket Agent, at Victoria, Duncan's and Nanaimo Stations.

A. DUNSMUIR, President. JOSEPH HUNTER, Gen. Supt.
H. K. PRIOR,
my4 Gen. Freight and Passenger Agt.

WHAT DO YOU WANT? You can get it by advertising in THE COLONIST, and it will not cost you much.

THE STORY OF FRANCIS CLUDDE

BY STANLEY J. WEYMAN, AUTHOR OF "THE MAN IN BLACK," "A GENTLEMAN OF FRANCE," ETC., ETC.

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[CONTINUED.]

CHAPTER XIII.

Only to feel that we were moving was a relief, though our march was very slow. Master Bertie carried the child slung in a cloak before him, and thus burdened could not well go beyond a smooth amble, while the guides, who were on foot, and the pack horses found this pace as much as they could manage. A little while, and the exhilaration of the start died away. The fine morning was followed by a wet evening, and before we had left Emmerich three miles behind us Master Bertie and I had come to look at one another meaningly. We were moving in a dreary, silent procession through heavy rain, with the prospect of the night closing in early. The road, too, grew more heavy with each furlong and presently began to be covered with pools of water. We tried to avoid this inconvenience by resorting to the hill slopes on our left, but found the attempt a waste of time, as a deep stream or backwater, bordered by marshes, intervened. The narrow road, raised but little above the level of the swiftly flowing river on our right, turned out to be our only possible path, and when Master Bertie discerned this his face grew more and more grave.

We soon found indeed as we plodded along that a sheet of water, which palely reflected the evening light, was taking the place of the road, and through this we had to plash and plash at a snail's pace, one of the guides on a pack horse leading the way and Master Bertie in charge of his wife coming next; then, at some distance, for her horse did not take kindly to the water, the younger woman followed in my care. The other guide brought up the rear. In this way, stopped constantly by the fears of the horses, which were scared by the expanse of flood before them, we crept wearily on until the moon rose. It brought, alas! an access of light, but no comfort. The water seemed continually to grow deeper, the current on our right swifter, and each moment I dreaded the announcement that farther advance was impossible.

It seemed to have come to that at last, for I saw the duchess and her husband stop and stand waiting for me, their dark shadows projected far over the moonlit surface.

"What is to be done?" Master Bertie called out as we moved up to them. "The guide tells me that there is a broken piece of road in front which will be impassable with this depth of water."

I had expected to hear this, yet I was so dumfounded—for, this being true, we were lost indeed—that for a time I could not answer. No one had uttered a word of reproach, but I knew what they must be thinking. I had brought them to this. It was my foolish insistence had done it. The poor beast under me shivered. I struck him with my heels. "We must go forward!" I said desperately. "Or what? What do you think? Go back?"

"Steady, steady, Master Knight Errant!" the duchess cried in her calm, brave voice. "I never knew you so bad a counselor before!"

"It is my fault that you are here," I said, looking dismally around.

"Perhaps the other road is as bad," Master Bertie replied. "At any rate, that is past and gone. The question is, What are we to do now? To remain here is to die of cold and misery. To go back may be to run into the enemy's arms. To go forward"—

"Will be to be drowned!" Mistress Anne cried, with a pitiful sob.

I could not blame her. A more gloomy outlook than ours, as we sat on our jaded horses in the middle of this waste of waters, which appeared in the moonlight to be boundless, could scarcely be imagined. The night was cold for the time of year, and the keen wind pierced our garments and benumbed our limbs. At any moment the rain might begin afresh and the moon be overcast. Of ourselves, we could not take a step without danger, and our guides had manifestly lost their heads and longed only to return.

"Yet I am for going forward," the duchess urged. "If there be but this one bad place, we may pass it with care."

"We may," her husband assented dubiously. "But suppose when we have passed it we can go no farther. Suppose the"—

"It is no good supposing!" she retorted, with some sharpness. "Let us cross this place first, Richard, and we will deal with the other when we come to it."

He nodded assent, and we moved slowly forward, compelling the guides to go first. In this order we waded some hundred yards through water which grew deeper with each step, until it rose nearly to our girths. Then the lads stopped.

"Are we over?" said the duchess eagerly.

For answer one of them pointed to the flood before him, and peering forward I made out a current, sweeping silently and swiftly across our path—a current with an ominous rush and swirl.

"Over?" grunted Master Bertie. "No; this is the place. See, the road has given way, and the stream is pouring through from the river. I expect it is getting worse every minute as the banks crumble."

We all craned forward, looking at it. It was impossible to say how deep the water was, or how far the deep part might extend, and we had with us a child and two women.

"We must go back!" said Master Bertie resolutely. "There is no doubt about it. The flood is rising. If we do not take care, we shall be cut off and be able to go neither backward nor forward. I cannot see a foot of dry land, as, it is, before or behind us."

He was right. Far and wide, wherever our eyes could reach, the moonlight was reflected in a sheet of water. We were nearly up to our girths in water. On one side was the hurrying river; on the other were the treacherous depths of the backwater. I asked the guide as well as I could whether the road was good beyond. He answered that he did not know. He and his companion were so terrified that we only kept them beside us by threats.

"I fear we must go back," I said, assenting sorrowfully.

Even the duchess agreed, and we were in the act of turning to retrace our steps with what spirit we might when a distant sound brought us all to a standstill again. The wind was blowing from the quarter whence we had come—from Emmerich—and it brought to us the sound of voices. We all stopped to listen. Yes; they were voices we heard—loud, strident tones, mingled now with the sullen plash of horses tramping through the water. I looked at the duchess. Her face was pale, but her courage did not fail her. She understood in a trice that the danger we had so much dreaded was upon us; that we were followed, and the followers were at our heels, and she turned her horse round again. Without a word she spurred it back toward the deep part. I seized Anne's rein and followed, notwithstanding that the poor girl in her terror would have resisted. Letting the guides go as they pleased, we four in a moment found ourselves abreast again, our horses craning over the stream, while we, with whip and spur, urged them on.

In cold blood we should scarcely have done it. Indeed, for a minute, as our steeds stumbled and recovered themselves and slid forward, only to draw back trembling—as the water rose above our boots or was flung by our fellows in our eyes, and all was flogging and scrambling and splashing—it seemed as if we were to be caught in a trap despite our resolve. But at last Master Bertie's horse took the plunge. His wife's followed, and both, partly floundering and partly swimming, set forward, snorting the while in fear. To my joy I saw them emerge safely not ten yards away, and shaking themselves stand comparatively high out of the water.

"Come!" cried my lady imperatively as she turned in her saddle with a gesture of defiance. "Come! It is all right."

Come indeed! I wanted nothing better, for I was beside myself with passion. But, flog as I might, I could not get Anne's brute to take the plunge. The girl herself could give me no aid. Clinging to her saddle, pale and half fainting, she could only beg me to leave her, crying out again and again in a terrified voice that she would be drowned. With her cry there suddenly mingled another—the hail of our pursuers as they sighted us. I could hear them drawing nearer, and I grew desperate. Luckily they could not make any speed in water so deep, and time was given me for one last furious effort. It succeeded. My horse literally fell into the stream. It dragged Anne's after it. How we kept our seats, how they their footing, I never understood, but somehow, splashing and stumbling and blinded by the water dashed in our faces, we came out on the other side, where the duchess and her husband, too faithful to us to save themselves, had watched the struggle in an agony of suspense. I did but fling the girl's rein to Master Bertie, and then I wheeled my horse to the stream again. I had made up my mind what I must do. "Go on!" I cried, waving my hand with a gesture of farewell. "Go on! I can keep them here for awhile."

"Nonsense!" I heard the duchess cry, her voice high and shrill. "It is"—

"Go on!" I cried. "Go on! Do not lose a moment, or it will be useless."

Master Bertie hesitated, but he, too, saw that this was the only chance. The Spaniards were on the brink of the stream now and must, if they passed it, overtake us easily. He hesitated, I have said, for a moment. Then he seized his wife's rein and drew her on, and I heard the three horses go splashing away through the flood. I threw a glance at them over my shoulder, bethinking me that I had not told the duchess my story, and that Sir Anthony and Petronilla would never—but, pish! What was I thinking of? That was a thought for a woman. I had only to harden my heart now and set my teeth together. My task was very simple indeed. I had just to keep these men—there were four—here as long as I could and if possible to stop Clarence's pursuit altogether.

For I had made no mistake. The first man to come up was Clarence—Clarence himself. He let fall a savage word as his horse stopped suddenly with its fore feet spread out on the edge of the stream, and his dark face grew darker as he saw the swirling eddies and me standing fronting him in the moonlight with my sword out. He discerned at once, I think, the strength of my position. Where I stood the water was scarcely over my horse's fetlocks. Where he stood it was over his horse's knees, and between us it flowed nearly four feet deep.

He held a hasty parley with his companions, and then he hailed me. "Will you surrender?" he cried in English. "We will give you quarter."

"Surrender? To whom?" I said. "And why—why should I surrender? Are you robbers and cutpurses?"

"Surrender in the name of the emperor, you fool!" he answered sternly and roughly.

"I know nothing about the emperor!" I retorted. "What emperor?"

"In the queen's name, then!"

"The Duke of Cleves is queen here!" I cried, "and as the flood is rising," I added scornfully, "I would advise you to go home again."

"You would advise, would you? Who are you?" he replied in a kind of wrathful curiosity.

I gave him no answer. I have often since reflected, with a fuller knowledge of certain facts, that no stranger interview ever took place than this short colloquy between us; that no stranger fight ever was fought than that which we contemplated as we stood there bathed in the May moonlight, with the water all round us and the cold sky above. A strange fight indeed it would have been between him and me had it ever come to the sword's point!

But this was what happened. His last words had scarcely rung out when my horse began to quiver under me and sway backward and forward. I had just time to take the alarm when the poor beast sank down and rolled gently over, leaving me bestriding its body, my feet in the water. Whatever the cause of this, I had to disentangle myself, and that quickly, for the four men opposite me, seeing me dismounted, plunged with a cry of triumph into the water and began to flounder across. Without more ado I stepped forward to keep the ford.

The foremost and nearest to me was Clarence, whose horse began, half way across, to swim. It was still scrambling to regain its footing when it came within my reach, and I slashed it cruelly across the nostrils. It turned in an instant on its side. I saw the rider's face gleam white in the water. His stirrup shone a moment as the horse rolled over; then in a second the two were gone down the stream. It was done so easily, so quickly, it amazed me. One gone, hurrah! I turned quickly to the others, who were about landing. My blood was fired, and my yell of victory, as I dashed at them, scared back two of the horses. Despite their riders' urging, they turned and scrambled out on the side from which they had entered. Only one was left—the farthest from me. He got across indeed, yet he was the most unlucky of all, for his horse stumbled on landing, came down heavily on its head and flung him at my very feet.

It was no time for quarter—I had to think of my friends—and while with one hand I seized the flying rein as the horse scrambled, trembling, to its feet, with the other I lunged twice at the rider as he half tried to rise, half tried to grasp at me. The second time I ran him through, and he screamed shrilly. In those days I was young and hotheaded, and I answered only by a shout of defiance as I flung myself into the saddle and dashed away through the water after my friends.

Vae victis! I had done enough to check the pursuit and yet escaped myself. If I could join the others again, what a triumph it would be! I had no guide, but neither had those in front of me, and luckily at this point a row of pollard willows defined the line between the road and the river. Keeping this on my right, I made good way. The horse seemed strong under me, the water was shallow and appeared to be growing more so, and presently across the waste of flood I discerned before me a dark, solitary tower, the tower seemingly of a church, for it was topped by a stumpy spire, which daylight would probably have shown to be of wood.

I slashed it cruelly across the nostrils.

There was a little dry ground round the church, a mere patch in a sea of water, but my horse rang its hoofs on it with every sign of joy and arched its neck as it trotted up to the neighborhood of the church, whinnying with pleasure. From the back of the building, I was not surprised, came an answering neigh. As I pulled up a man, his weapon in his hand, came from the porch, and a woman followed him. I called to them gayly. "I fancied you would be here the moment I saw the church!" I said, sliding to the ground.

"Thank heaven you are safe!" the duchess answered, and to my astonishment she flung her arms round my neck and kissed me. "What has happened?" she asked, looking in my eyes, her own full of tears.

"I think I have stopped them," I answered, turning suddenly shy, though, boylike, I had been longing a few minutes before to talk of my victory. "They tried to cross, and"—

I had not sheathed my sword. Master Bertie caught my wrist, and lifting the blade looked at it. "So, so!" he said nodding. "Are you hurt?"

"Not touched!" I answered. Before more was said he compelled his wife to go back into the porch. The wind blew keenly across the open ground, and we were all wet and shivering. When we had fastened up the horses, we followed her. The door of the church was locked, it seemed, and the porch afforded the best shelter to be had. Its upper part was of open woodwork and freely admitted the wind, but wide eaves projected over these openings and over the door, so that at least it was dry within. By huddling together on the floor against the windward side we got some protection. I hastily told what had happened.

"So Clarence is gone!" My lady's voice as she said the words trembled, but not in sorrow or pity, as I judged—rather in relief. Her dread and hatred of the man were strange and terrible, and so seemed to me then. Afterward I learned that something had passed between them which made almost natural such feelings on her part and made natural also a bitter resentment on his. But of that no more. "You are quite sure," she said, pressing me anxiously for confirmation, "that it was he!"

"Yes, but I am not sure that he is dead," I explained.

"You seem to bear a charmed life yourself," she said.

"Hush!" cried her husband quickly. "Do not say that to the lad. It is unlucky. But do you think," he continued—the porch was in darkness, and we could scarcely make out one another's faces—"that there is any further chance of pursuit?"

"Not by that party tonight," I said grimly. "Nor I think tomorrow."

"Good," he answered, "for I can see nothing but water ahead, and it would be madness to go on by night without a guide. We must stay here until morning, whatever the risk."

He spoke gloomily, and with reason. Our position was a miserable, almost a desperate one, even on the supposition that pursuit had ceased. We had lost all our baggage, food, wraps. We had no guides, and we were in the midst of a flooded country, with two tender women and a baby, our only shelter the porch of God's house. Mistress Anne, who was crouching in the darkest corner next the church, seemed to have collapsed entirely. I remembered afterward that I did not once hear her speak that night. The duchess tried to maintain our spirits and her own, but in the face of cold, damp and hunger she could do little. Master Bertie and I took it by turns to keep a kind of watch, but by morning—it was a long night, and a bitter one—we were worn out and slept despite our misery. We should have been surprised and captured without a blow if the enemy had come upon us then.

I awoke with a start to find the gray light of a raw, misty morning falling upon and showing up our wretched group. The duchess' head was hidden in her cloak, her husband's had sunk on his breast, but Mistress Anne—I looked at her and shuddered. Had she sat so all night—sat staring with that stony face of pain and those tearless eyes on the moonlight, on the darkness which had been before the dawn, on the cold first rays of morning? Stared on all alike and seen none? I shuddered and peered at her, alarmed, doubtful, wondering, asking myself what this was that had happened to her. Had fear and cold killed her or turned her brain? "Anne!" I said timidly. "Anne!"

She did not answer nor turn, nor did the fixed gaze of her eyes waver. I thought she did not hear. "Anne!" I cried again, so loudly that the duchess stirred and muttered something in her sleep. But the girl showed no sign of consciousness. I put out my hand and touched her.

She turned sharply and saw me and in an instant drew her skirt away with a gesture of such dread, loathing repulsion as froze me, while a violent shudder convulsed her whole frame. Afterward she seemed unable to withdraw her eyes from me, but sat in the same attitude, gazing at me with a fixed look of horror, as one might gaze at a serpent, while tremor after tremor shook her.

I was frightened and puzzled and was still staring at her, wondering what I had done, when a footstep on the road outside called away my attention. I turned from her to see a man's figure looming dark in the doorway. He looked at us—I suppose he had found the horses outside—gazing in surprise at the queer group. I bade him good morning in Dutch, and he answered as well as his astonishment would let him. He was a short, stout fellow, with a big face, capable of expressing a good deal of astonishment. He seemed to be a peasant or farmer. "What do you here?" he continued, his guttural phrases tolerably intelligible to me.

I explained as clearly as I could that we were on the way to Wesel. Then I awoke the duchess and her husband, and stretching our chilled and aching limbs we went outside, the man still gazing at us. Alas! the day was not much better than the night. We could see but a very little way, a couple of hundred yards round us only. The rest was mist—all mist. We appealed to the man for food and shelter, and he nodded, and obeying his signs rather than his words we kicked up our starved beasts and plodded out into the fog by his side. Anne mounted silently and without objection, but it was plain something strange had happened to her. Her condition was unnatural. The duchess gazed at her very anxiously, and getting no answers or very scanty ones to her questions shook her head gravely.

But we were on the verge of one pleasure at least. When we reached the hospitable kitchen of the farmhouse, it was joy indeed to stand before the great turf fire and feel the heat stealing into our half frozen bodies, to turn and warm back and front, while the good wife set bread and hot milk before us. How differently we three felt in half an hour! How the duchess' eyes shone once more! How easily rose the laugh to our lips! Joy had indeed come with the morning. To be warm and dry and well fed after being cold and wet and hungry—what a thing this is!

But on one neither food nor warmth seemed to have any effect. Mistress Anne did indeed, in obedience to my lady's sharp words, raise her bowl to her lips, but she set it down quickly and sat looking in dull apathy at the glowing peat. What had come over her?

Master Bertie went out with the farmer to attend to the horses, and when he came back he had news.

"There is a lad here," he said in some excitement, "who has just seen three foreigners ride past on the road, along with two Germans on pack horses—five in all. They must be three of the party who followed us yesterday."

I whistled. "Then Clarence got himself out," I said, shrugging my shoulders. "Well, well!"

"I expect that is so," Master Bertie answered, the duchess remaining silent. "The question arises again, What is to be done?" he continued. "We may follow them to Wesel, but the good man says the floods are deep between here and the town, and we shall have Clarence and his party before us all the way—shall perhaps run straight into their arms."

"But what else can we do?" I said. "It is impossible to go back."

We held a long conference, and by much questioning of our host learned that half a league away was a ferryboat, which could carry as many as two horses over the river at a time. On the farther side we might hit a road leading to Santon, three leagues distant. Should we go to Santon after all? The farmer thought the roads on that side of the river might not be flooded. We should then be in touch once more with our Dutch friends and might profit by Master Lindstrom's advice, on which I, for one, was now inclined to set a higher value.

"The river is bank full. Are you sure the ferryboat can cross?" I asked. Our host was not certain, and thereupon an unexpected voice struck in.

"Oh, dear, do not let us run any more risks!" it said. It was Mistress Anne's. She was herself again, trembling, excited, bright eyed, as different as possible from the Anne of a few minutes before. A great change had come over her. Perhaps the warmth had done it.

A third course was suggested—to stay quietly where we were. The farmhouse stood at some little distance from the road, and though it was rough—it was very rough, consisting only of two rooms, in one of which a cow was stalled—still it could furnish food and shelter. Why not stay there?

But the duchess wisely, I think, decided against this. "It is unpleasant to go wandering again," she said with a shiver. "But I shall not rest until we are within the walls of a town. Master Lindstrom laid so much stress on that. And I fancy that the party who overtook us last night are not the main body. Others will have gone to Wesel by boat perhaps or along the other bank. There they will meet, and learning we have not arrived they will probably return this way and search for us."

"Clarence"—

"Yes, if we have Clarence to deal with," Master Bertie assented gravely, "we cannot afford to lose a point. We will try the ferry."

It was something gained to start dry and warm, but the women's pale faces—for little by little the fatigue, the want of rest, the fear, were telling even on the duchess—were sad to see. I was sore and stiff myself. The wound I had received so mysteriously had bled afresh, probably during last night's fight. We needed all our courage to put a brave face on the matter and bear up and go out again into the air, which for the first week in May was cold and nipping. Suspense and anxiety had told in various ways on all of us. While I felt a fierce anger against those who were driving us to these straits, Master Bertie was nervous and excited, alarmed for his wife and child and inclined to see an enemy in every bush.

However, we cheered up a little when we reached the ferry and found the boat could cross without much risk. We had to go over in two detachments, and it was nearly an hour past noon before we all stood on the farther bank and bade farewell to the honest soul whose help had been of so much importance to us. He told us we had three leagues to go, and we hoped to be at rest in Santon by 4 o'clock.

The three leagues turned out to be more nearly five, while the road was so founderous that we had again and again to quit it.

The evening came on, the light waned, and still we were feeling our way, so to speak—the women tired and on the verge of tears, the men muddy to the waist, savage and impatient. It was 8 o'clock, and dusk was well upon us before we caught sight of the first lights of Santon, and in fear lest the gates might be shut pressed forward at such speed as our horses could compass.

"Do you go on!" the duchess adjured us. "Anne and I will be safe enough behind you. Let me take the child and do you ride on. We cannot pass the night in the fields."

The importance of securing admission was so great that Master Bertie and I agreed and cantered on, soon outstripping our companions, and almost, in the gloom, losing sight of them. Dark masses of woods, the last remnants apparently of a forest, lay about the road we had to traverse. We were passing one of these, scarcely 300 paces short of the town, and I was turning in the saddle to see that the ladies were following safely, when I heard Master Bertie, who was a bowshot in front of me, give a sudden cry.

I wheeled round hastily to learn the reason and was just in time to see three horsemen sweep into the road before him from the cover of the trees. They were so close to him—and they filled the road—that his horse carried him among them almost before he could check it, or so it seemed to me. I heard their loud challenge, saw his arm wave and guessed that his sword was out. I spurred desperately to join him, giving a wild shout of encouragement as I did so. But before I could come up, or indeed cross half the distance, the scuffle was over. One man fell headlong from his saddle, one horse fled riderless down the road, and at sight of this, or perhaps of me, the others turned tail without more ado and made off, leaving Master Bertie in possession of the field. The whole thing had passed in the shadow of the wood in less than half a minute. When I drew rein by him, he was sheathing his sword. "Is it Clarence?" I cried eagerly.

"No, no, I did not see him. I think not," he answered. He was breathing hard and was very much excited. "They were poor swordsmen, for Spaniards," he added—"very poor, I thought."

I jumped off my horse, and kneeling beside the man turned him over. He was badly hurt, if not dying, cut across the neck. We looked hard at him by such light as there was and did not recognize him as one of our assailants of the night before.

"I do not think he is a Spaniard," I said slowly. Then a certain suspicion occurred to my mind, and I stooped lower over him.

"Not a Spaniard?" Master Bertie said stupidly. "How is that?"

Before I answered I raised the man in my arms, and carrying him carefully to the side of the road set him with his back to a tree. Then I got quickly on my horse. The women were just coming up. "Master Bertie," I said in a low voice as I looked this way and that to see if the alarm had spread, "I am afraid there is a mistake. But say nothing to them. It is one of the town guard you have killed!"

"One of the town guard!" he cried, a light bursting in on him, and the reins dropping from his hand. "What shall we do? We are lost, man!"

(To be continued.)

Did You Ever Think

That you cannot be well unless you have pure, rich blood? If you are weak, tired, languid and all run down, it is because your blood is impoverished and lacks vitality. These troubles may be overcome by Hood's Sarsaparilla because Hood's Sarsaparilla makes pure, rich blood. It is, in truth the great blood purifier.

Hood's Pills cure liver ills, constipation, billiousness, jaundice, sick headache, indigestion

THOUGHT IT WAS CONSUMPTION.

DEAR SIRS,—I was troubled with a nasty cough and I really thought I was going into consumption. I took two bottles of Hagyard's Pectoral Balsam and can say that it not only cured me at once but that I never had a cough since. It is the best remedy in the world.

GRACE WHITE, Black Cape,
Bonaventure Co., Quebec

Sheffield pocket knives, table cutlery, warranted shaving outfits, and razors at Fox's, 78 Gov't St. x

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PACIFIC COAST S. S. CO

DESPATCH A STEAMER EVERY FIVE days for San Francisco, carrying her Majesty's mails, from Outer Wharf at 8 p.m.

City of Puebla, - - Oct. 15

R. P. RITHET & CO.
mch26 Agents

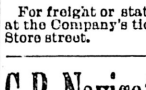
O. R. & N. STEAMSHIP LINE.

CHINA AND JAPAN.

SS. ASLOUN—(Capacity 4,000 tons) due at Victoria about October 20th; will proceed to Honolulu, H.I., via Portland, and is the only steamer for Honolulu during the month.

For freight and particulars apply to
F. C. DAVIDGE & CO.,
je15 Agents.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.



STEAMER

JOAN

L. P. LOCKE, MASTER.

Sails as follows, calling at way ports as freight and passengers may offer:

Leave Victoria, Tuesday, 7 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Comox, Wednesday, 7 a.m.
" Comox for Nanaimo, Friday, 7 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Victoria, Saturday, 7 a.m.

For freight or staterooms apply on board, or at the Company's ticket office, Victoria station, Store street. ap25

C. P. Navigation Co., Limited

TIME TABLE NO. 27

Takes effect June 21st, 1895.

Vancouver Route:

Victoria to Vancouver—Daily, except Monday at 2 o'clock.

Vancouver to Victoria—Daily, except Monday, at 13.15 o'clock, or on arrival of C.P.R. No. 1 train.

New Westminster Route:

LEAVE VICTORIA for New Westminster, Ladner's Landing and Lulu Island—Sunday at 23 o'clock; Wednesdays and Fridays at 7 o'clock. Sunday's steamer to New Westminster connects with C. P. R. train No. 2 going east Monday.

For Plumper's Pass—Wednesdays and Fridays at 7 o'clock.

For Moresby and Pender Islands—Friday at o'clock.

LEAVE NEW WESTMINSTER for Victoria—Monday at 13.15 o'clock; Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Plumper Pass—Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Pender and Moresby Islands—Thursday at 7 o'clock.

Northern Route:

Steamships of this Co. will leave for Fort Simpson and intermediate ports, via Vancouver the 1st and 15th of each month at 8 o'clock When sufficient inducements offer, will extend trips to West Coast points and Queen Charlotte Islands.

Barclay Sound Route:

Steamer Maude leaves Victoria for Alberni and Sound Ports the 10th, 20th and 30th of each month.

The Company reserves the right of changing this Time Table at any time without notification.

JOHN IRVING, Manager.
G. A. CARLETON, General Agent,
Victoria, Jan. 1st, 1895.

RAILWAYS.

Thos. F. Oakes, Henry C. Payne, Henry C. Rouse, Receivers.

NORTHERN PACIFIC

RUNS

Pullman Sleeping Cars
Elegant Dining Cars
Tourist Sleeping Cars

—TO—

St. Paul
Minneapolis
Duluth
Fargo
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Crookston
Winnipeg
Helena and
Butte

THROUGH TICKETS

To Chicago, Washington, Philadelphia, New York, Boston and all Points East and South.

TIME SCHEDULE.

Speed 18 knots		VICTORIA ROUTE. S.S. "CITY OF KINGSTON"		Tonnage 1117.
8.30 pm	M1	Lv *...Victoria.... Ar	110	4.30 pm
11.45 pm	38	. Port Townsend .	72	1.30 pm
3.00 am	32	..... Seattle.....	28	10.15 am
4.45 am	110	Ar. *...Tacoma.....Lv	M1	8.00 am

Steamer City of Kingston makes connection at Tacoma with Northern Pacific trains to and from points east and south.

* Daily except Monday.

E. E. BLACKWOOD,
Freight and Passenger Agent
Victoria, B. C.

A. D. CHARLTON,
Asst. Gen. Pas. Agent,
255 Morrison St., cor. Third St., Portland, Or.
ap2

GREAT NORTHERN

RAILWAY

THE SHORTEST AND QUICKEST LINE

—TO—

KOOTENAI COUNTRY

St. Paul, Minneapolis,
Duluth, Chicago,
New York, Boston,

AND ALL UNITED STATES POINTS.

Toronto, Hamilton,
Montreal, Quebec,

AND ALL EASTERN CANADIAN POINTS

Daylight run over the Cascade and Rocky Mountains—the Grandest Scenery in America. Superb Buffet and Elegant Dining, Palace Sleeping and Cosy Tourist Cars. Enjoy a delightful ride, free from heat and dust in all seasons.

For tickets, etc., see
H. MARTIN, Gen. Agent,
75 Government Street.

Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Ry.

GLANCE AT THIS MAP

Of the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Railway and note its connections with all transcontinental lines at St. Paul and Omaha, and remember when going east that its trains are lighted with electricity and heated by steam. Its equipment is superb. Elegant Buffet, Library, Smoking, and Sleeping cars, with free reclining chairs. Each sleeping car berth has an electric reading lamp, and its dining cars are the best in the world. Some other lines are longer than this, but none are shorter and no other offers the above luxurious accommodations. These are sufficient reasons for the popularity of "The Milwaukee." Coupon ticket agents in every railroad office will give you further information, or address

C. EDDY, General Agent,
J. W. CASEY, Trav. Pass. Agent,
Olympic Block, Seattle

Spokane Falls & Northern Ry

NELSON & FORT SHEPPARD RY.

ALL RAIL TO NELSON, B.C.

THE ONLY THROUGH LINE TO NELSON, KASLO, KOOTENAI LAKE AND SLOCAN POINTS.

Daily, except Sunday, between Spokane and Northport.

Tri-weekly between Northport and Nelson.

7:00 a.m. Lv...SPOKANE...Ar. 6:50 p.m.

On Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays trains will run through to Nelson, arriving at 5:40 p.m., making close connection with the steamer Nelson for Kalso and all lake points, arriving at Kalso at 9:00 p.m. same days. Returning passengers will leave lake points and Nelson on Mondays; Wednesdays and Fridays, arriving at Spokane same days.

Passengers for Kettle River and Boundary Creek connect at Marcus with stage on Mondays, Wednesdays, Thursdays and Fridays.

For TRAIL CREEK MINES, connect at Northport with stage daily.

For Nakusp and Revelstoke, connect at Northport with boat on Wednesdays and Saturdays. ja1

MATERNITY (late Samaritan) Home, has moved to larger premises, at 199 Johnson street. Applicants please apply at the Home, or to Mrs. Higgins, Cadboro Bay Road, or to Mrs. Plumerfelt, Gorge Road.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

THE THERMOMETER.

ESQUIMALT STATION, Oct. 13, 1895.
Report for 24 hours ending 9 p.m.

1 a. m..	48°	Mean 51°	The velocity and direction of the wind were as follows:
5 a. m..	49°		
9 a. m..	51°	Highest 60°	5 a.m.—10 W.
1 p. m..	58°		1 p.m.—4 S.W.
5 p. m..	52°	Lowest 45°	9 p.m.—4 S.W.
9 p. m..	46		Rain—.00.

Average state of weather—Fair.
Sunshine—8 hrs., 18 min.

ESQUIMALT STATION, Oct. 14, 1895
Report for 24 hours ending 9 p.m.

1 a. m..	41°	Mean 51°	The velocity and direction of the wind were as follows:
5 a. m..	40°		
9 a. m..	55	Highest 64°	5 a. m.—Calm
1 p. m..	62		1 p. m.—12 N.
5 p. m..	61°	Lowest 40°	9 p. m.—4 N.W.
9 p. m..	44°		Rain—.00.

Average state of weather—Fair.
Sunshine 7 hrs., 30 min.
E. BAYNES REED, Observer.

PASSENGERS.

Per steamer YOSEMITE, from Westminster—Mrs and Miss English, Mrs J Jarves, Mrs McGregor, Miss Buckley, Mrs Morrison, T W Edwards and wife, Capt and Mrs Lundburger, Mrs Dickinson, Miss Fredore, Mr and Mrs Homshaw, A W Jarves, W Clute, J Bunytt, A Frank, Anderson, T A Kirk, R J Mathews, Capt Soute, J Draney, S Hinchliffe, S Collinson, Wm Robson, Mrs Goepel, E Dickinson.

CONSIGNEES.

Per steamer YOSEMITE, from Westminster—Brackman & K, L White & Co, Albion Iron Works, Lundley & F, W Marchant, W N Lazier, Mrs Askew, W Lock, A W Taylor, Martin & R, W H N, Vaio & B, Erskine & W, J E Painter, Driard Hotel, R P Rithet & Co, Mrs Harlock, F F Raitt, Mr Lumberger, S Leiser, Carl Cook, Dom Ex Co.

YOU WILL HAVE TO GO

Outside of Victoria to find the equal of the **P. P. P. P.** for pure drugs and accurately prepared prescriptions.

C. E. JONES,

Near New Post Office, Gov't Street.
Always Open.

SPORTS AND PASTIMES.

A Noted Marksman Now Visiting in Victoria—Notes of Current Events.

Robert McVittie (G.C.), probably the most widely known rifleman in the Empire, is a visitor to Victoria, having arrived on Sunday evening, after a couple of days' stay in Vancouver. His home has for several years been in Toronto, but Mr. McVittie has long had an idea of removing with his family to the Pacific Coast, and his present visit is for the purpose of looking over the ground with that view. His occupation is that of a carpenter and builder, and his reputation is that of a master of his trade as well as of his pastime. His target practice commenced at the time of the establishment of the National Rifle Association, in 1860, and at the prize meeting of 1862 he made his first appearance amongst the sharpshooters on Wimbledon common. Steadily progressing in skill he in 1874 found his name inscribed upon the roll of honor consisting of the hundred found qualified to fire in the final stage for the Queen's prize, and up to 1886 he had been eight times in that great list. Up to that time, and when he left Scotland for Canada, shortly afterwards, no other marksman had so often achieved that distinction, and with the added opportunities of the intervening years only one man, Parry, has surpassed that number, he having from 1877 to 1891 been nine times in the final hundred. Mr. McVittie was a Private in the 1st Dumfries when in the old country, and amongst other honors he won for the corps was that of the Gold Cross for the highest in the Grand Aggregate at Wimbledon—a prize almost as difficult of attainment as the Queen's. A little hand book he has published, "Hints and Advice on Rifle Shooting," has reached several editions, and is the bible of many riflemen in Canada and the Mother Country. In Toronto he joined the Tenth Royal Grenadiers, as Armourer Sergeant, and for them he has done great service. He has a son who now almost equals his father as an expert shot. Mr. McVittie will go from here to Nanaimo, leaving probably to-morrow morning.

GOLF.

FALL MEETING.

The fall meeting of the Victoria Golf Club will be held on Saturday, October 19, on the Oak Bay links, the following being the events: 1, an open event, two prizes; 2, club handicap, A and B classes, three prizes. Entries for above events must be sent to C. C. Worsfold, acting secretary, by 4 p.m. on Thursday, 17th.

HERE AND THERE

GENERAL GOSSIP OF CURRENT EVENTS.

Yesterday afternoon the Seattle yacht Aggie, on a pleasure cruise through British Columbia water, entered port and anchored in James bay. She has as passengers her owner, E. F. Sweeney; R R. Spencer, a Seattle banker; H. C. Henry, a railroad contractor, and others.

There will be a meeting of the field committee of the Y.M.C.A. Association Football Club at the association rooms this evening at 8 o'clock sharp.

The New York Yacht Club has cabled to Charles D. Rose that his challenge is accepted.

F. S. & C. For All Points on Puget Sound.

"F. S. & C." applied to steamer Rosalie means, fast, safe and comfortable. This new steamer leaves Victoria daily at 9 a.m., except Sundays, for Port Townsend and Seattle, arriving at Seattle at 4 p.m., connecting with steamer Flyer daily for Tacoma, and Great Northern trains for all points East and South. Returning—Steamer leaves Seattle at 11:30 p.m. daily, except Sundays, arriving at Victoria at 6:30 a.m. Local and through tickets at Great Northern R.R. office, 75 Government street. x

ATROCITIES IN MADAGASCAR.

Conduct of French Soldiery Said to Match That of the Unspeakable Turk.

LONDON, Oct. 14.—The Times has private advices from Madagascar which open to view disgraceful revelations regarding the conduct of the French troops. Up to this time the shameful secrets have been kept fairly well, owing to a rigid censorship exercised over all mail matter sent out of the French lines. All communications sent out by mail were opened and examined, just as in Russia when the Nihilist conspiracy was on. Private soldiers were not allowed to carry writing materials with them, and only half a dozen newspaper correspondents were permitted to follow the operations of the expedition, and they represented newspapers who support the ministry through thick and thin. It was for evading the postal censorship that ex-United States Consul Waller was sentenced to prison for 20 years.

The Turkish atrocities in Armenia are matched by the French atrocities in Madagascar, says the Times. It is not likely that the truth will ever be known about this side of the French conquest of Madagascar; even the French are shocked by the spectacle of outrage and murder, but are restrained by patriotism from holding their nation up to shame. The excesses of the French soldiers were all the more shameful because they were not the acts of soldiers maddened by the fury of war. There is no war in Madagascar, properly speaking. The French army encountered about as much opposition from the Hovas as they would from a flock of sheep. The enemy fled whenever they appeared, and the number of Hovas killed and wounded has been merely a question of how long before they could get into hiding. The losses inflicted by the Hovas have been insignificant.

The French threw themselves upon undefended villages and towns, and pillaged and burned and violated. This is the story of the expedition as told by impartial observers. The French are not accused of torturing prisoners for the sake of the pleasure given by the spectacle of suffering; it was merely an incident of the indulgence of their passions. The worst offenders are said to be sailors and marines, though the infantry is bad enough. The conduct which they are accused of toward the native women and children is described in two words, utter license; but these words do not convey any idea of the barbarities of the conquest that is described in unmentionable and almost incredible details by persons who claim to have been eye witnesses of it.

FURTHER POSTPONEMENT.

Probability That Durrant's Trial Will Be Put Off Till Monday.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 14.—The trial of Theodore Durrant for the murder of Blanche Lamont did not go on this morning. So many of the jurors are business men, and this being collection day, the court adjourned until to-morrow. It is likely that the court will take a further adjournment to-morrow morning. Attorney Deuprey, the leading counsel for the defence, is confined to his bed with rheumatism, and his associates will base this as the reason for proposing a continuance for several days. Although the court is known to be opposed to delays in this trial, it is believed, however, that a continuance will be granted. It that case the trial will not likely be resumed before next Monday.

THE PITZEL MURDERS.

Holmes Not Likely to Be Tried in Toronto—A Complete Chain of Evidence Secured.

TORONTO, Oct. 14 —(Special)—Detective Geyer, who has made himself famous by his work on the Holmes murder case, came into the city this afternoon from Philadelphia, to secure evidence that may be used against the prisoner at his trial for the murder of the Pitzels. He will endeavor to secure the attendance of seven or eight witnesses from here, among whom will be Mrs. Nudel and daughter, from whom Holmes rented the house in the cellar of which the skeletons of the murdered children were found; Armbrust, the occupant of the house; Humphrey, the undertaker who dug up the remains, and some of those who saw Mrs. Pitzel and children at the Albion hotel. He does not think that Holmes will be tried in Toronto as he claims that he has a complete chain of evidence against him for the murder of Pitzel.

PERSONAL.

F. B Gregory returned home on Sunday night from Kamloops.

Sidney J. Pitts, a former business man of this city and now of London, England, is visiting Victoria.

T. W. Edwards and Mrs. Edwards returned last evening from a week's visit to the Mainland.

Wm. Dodd, government agent at Yale, is a patient at the Jubilee hospital, where he has just undergone a successful operation.

Hon. Col. Baker left on the Charmer this morning for Richmond, where he will open the exhibition by invitation of the agricultural association.

Awarded
Highest Honors—World's Fair.

DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER

MOST PERFECT MADE.

A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant.

40 YEARS THE STANDARD.

BOARD OF ALDERMEN.

Oakland Estate Is to Have a Sidewalk on the Lansdowne Road.

Superintendent Hutcheson Points Out a Defect in the Electric Light System.

The city council were favored at their meeting last night by the presence of a deputation of ladies from the Oakland district, who came in support of a petition which they had sent in asking for a sidewalk on Lansdowne road. Mrs. Tippins, Mrs. Mewburn, Mrs. West, Mrs. Loye, Mrs. Besford, Mrs. Andernoch, Mrs. Manton, Mrs. Wilkinson, and Miss Wilkinson, represented the petitioners.

All the council were present with the exception of Ald. Williams.

The question of fire hall vs. sidewalk in Oakland district came up when a petition signed by N. Sabin and 35 others was read saying that though a resolution had passed the council in favor of a fire hall, it had not yet been erected. The petition also favored Mr. Clarke's property as the site for the hall.

ALD. MCLELLAN would like to know why the fire hall had not already been built since the council has passed a resolution favoring its erection. He proceeded to set forth the importance of North Ward, as six main roads through it give to the people of the surrounding country access to the city, and maintained that it was only the just right of the ward to have both the fire hall and sidewalk.

Another petition from Oakland Estate property holders was read asking that the fire hall be built on the Mewburn property as the most suitable for the purpose.

Still a third petition in favor of the sidewalk on Lansdowne road in the same district was read.

Then came the petition from the ladies of the district asking for the sidewalk on Lansdowne road and stating that this had been asked for last April, before the fire hall had been thought of. It was signed by Mrs. Tippins and 23 other ladies.

ALD. MACMILLAN moved that the ladies' petition be granted.

ALD. HALL strongly advocated the sidewalk. He did not live in the North ward but he had been over the ground and fully recognized the necessity for the improvement. He added that it struck him forcibly that a schoolhouse was needed there too, more than a fire hall. (Applause from the ladies.)

ALD. WILSON, referring to the fire hall, remarked that the resolution in its favor had already passed the council, and he understood that the majority of people in the district wanted it.

In answer to the question whether there were funds for the purpose, Ald. Cameron stated that there was no money in the fire wardens' department to build the hall, and if it were built the appropriation would have to come out of other funds. There was money to build the sidewalk, and he thought, as Mr. Mewburn had offered to give a shelter for a fire reel free, that the sidewalk was more important than building a fire hall.

ALD. MCLELLAN would like to see all parties happy, and this could be brought about best by building both sidewalk and fire hall, if there were funds.

The prayer of the petition for the sidewalk was favored by the council, and Ald. Hall then moved that, if the fire wardens had not the funds ta build a fire hall, Mr. Mewburn's offer be excepted.

This after some opposition was carried, the Mayor giving his casting vote in its favor.

The executive of the Local Council of Women sent in a recommendation that Mrs. A. H. Scaife and Miss Cameron be appointed by the city as two of their representatives on the Agricultural Association directorate. This was laid over till the election of the city's representatives on the board.

T. Lawrie wrote complaining that nothing had yet been done regarding his former communications calling attention to a defective drain on Springfield avenue. Several of the children in that neighborhood were at present sick with scarlet fever.

ALD. HUMPHREY remarked that the streets committee were having the drains in that neighborhood cleaned out, and he supposed the one in question was receiving attention.

The communication was referred to the streets committee.

W. G. Eden wrote charging that while the city was supposed to be bound by a nine hours rule, the men were working on the waterworks improvements ten hours a day, and in town some city employes were working twelve hours.

ALD. BRAGG remarked that no doubt if men were working 10 hours a day they were being paid for overtime. He was unaware of any city workmen being required to do more than nine hours' work.

The letter was filed.

A draft of the proposed by-law arranging the assessment for the construction of the branch sewers was received from the city barrister and referred to the city assessor.

S. Field sent in a communication stating that at a recent meeting of the health board Dr. Geo. H. Duncan, medical health officer, had stated that he was defying his authority and resisting the enforcement of the sanitary laws. Mr. Field said it was not the law but Dr. Duncan's "official tyranny" which he resisted, and went on at length to claim that Dr. Duncan, because Mrs. Field would not consent to send her child to the isolation hospital, had refused to accept Mr. Field's fumigation of the premises, though other people were allowed to do their own fumigating. He demanded an investigation.

ALD PARTRIDGE said the proceedings of the health board were supposed to be confidential and he was surprised to have any of them made public. The letter should be referred to the Board of Health and an investigation will be granted.

A petition for a sidewalk on Rupert street was referred to the streets committee to report.

The street committee in their report asked that Messrs. Pooley & Luxton be asked for particulars of their claim for damages to Mrs. Piper who was hurt on Oak Bay ave,

The report was adopted.

ALD. MACMILLAN wanted an expression of opinion as to whether an eight foot sewer excavation would be allowed instead of eleven feet, for 300 feet in length on Cormorant street. The excavation was in rock and the difference in excavation would save a good sum of money if the council considered it wise to make the change.

ALD. PARTRIDGE objected to altering the levels. The council were not competent to judge on an engineering matter like that.

The Mayor remarked that the question was whether a sewer eight feet deep would give sufficient depth for the basements, if Cormorant ever became a business street.

The majority of the council favored the deep sewer.

Ald. Bragg's by-law to amend the police magistrate and legal advisers' by-law was read a first time.

The sanitary officer's and building inspector's report declared unsanitary and condemned the six buildings dealt with in Ald. Macmillan's motions of last week.

The buildings were therefore condemned by the council and ordered destroyed.

Mr. Hutchoson, city electrician, reported that he had considerable trouble with the electric lines being broken by the wind. The defect was inherent in the method of lamp suspension, which left considerable slack wire for lowering the lamps for trimming. The swinging of the wire caused the breakage referred to. He recommended as a remedy that a film cut-out be placed at each light to automatically close the wire past the break and to lessen the possibility of breakage, and that a flexible conductor replace solid conductors from time to time as a break occurs. The report also recommended that trees on Burnside road obstructing the lights be cut down. A recommendation was also made to allow an extra hand to be employed from October 1 to March 1.

The report was referred to the electric light and streets committees.

In reference to matters referred to him the City Engineer explained that the items of Coughlan & Mayo's account were for extra work. In explanation of the account from Murray & Pike ($4) for excavating, Mr. Parr, assistant city engineer, explained that he had told Murray & Pike to excavate for a connection where Mr. Walkley had said he had placed it, though the plan showed a difference of twenty feet. The plans turned out to be right, and the $4 was for the mistake made in directing the first excavation to be made.

The report was filed.

The council adjourned shortly after 10 o'clock.

RISING IN KOREA.

Disappearance of the Queen—The King and Tai Won Kun at the Head of Affairs.

LONDON, Oct. 14.—Information of a formidable uprising in Korea, resulting in the disappearance and probable death of the Queen and the landing of military forces by the U. S. and European powers has been received at the Japanese legation from the foreign office at Tokio. The latest dispatch states that a force of Russian marines, forty in number, has been landed, also U. S. marines from the Yorktown to the number of sixteen, and it is believed a number of British marines. Besides these the Japanese have a considerable force of soldiers at Seoul who have been preserving order. The latest indications are that the Tai Won Kun and the King are in control of affairs at the Korean capital. The King has been the nominal ruler, but the Queen has heretofore been recognized as the real head. The influence of the King and the Tai Won Kun is distinctly favorable to the Japanese.

A. Leflar.

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Consulted a Doctor

who found, on examining my lungs, that the upper part of the left one was badly affected. He gave me some medicine which I took as directed, but it did not seem to do any good. Fortunately, I happened to read in Ayer's Almanac, of the effect that Ayer's Cherry Pectoral had on others, and I determined to give it a trial. After taking a few doses my trouble was relieved, and before I had finished the bottle I was cured.'"—A. LEFLAR, watchmaker, Orangeville, Ont.

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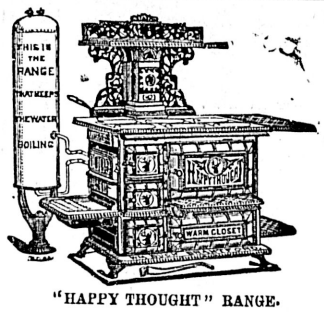

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